Technical Data Sheet

Purified Mouse Anti-Cdk2

Product Information

Material Number: 610146 Size: 150 µg 250 μg/ml Concentration: 55/Cdk2 Clone:

Human Cdk2 aa. 109-298 Immunogen:

Isotype: Mouse IgG2a Reactivity: QC Testing: Human

Tested in Development: Dog, Mouse, Rat

Target MW:

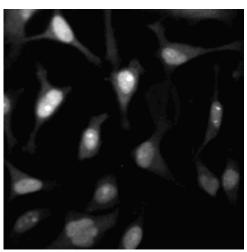
Storage Buffer: Aqueous buffered solution containing BSA, glycerol, and ≤0.09% sodium

Description

Cyclin-dependent kinase 2 (Cdk2) is a member of a family of cdc2-related cell cycle protein kinases. Cdk2 shares 60% identity with cdc2 and its activity is regulated by phosphorylation in a similar fashion. Cdk2 is expressed earlier in the cell cycle than is cdc2. Like p34 [cdc2], p33 [cdk2] associates with Cyclin A in human cells. However, kinase activity associated with Cyclin A-Cdk2 is present in S phase, whereas, the kinase activity associated with Cyclin A-cdc2 is found only in G2. Cdk2 can also complex with cyclins E, D1, and D3. It is not known if the D cyclins can form active complexes with Cdk2. Cyclin E-Cdk2 kinase is active in the G1 and S phases of the cell cycle and is important (as is Cyclin A-Cdk2) for the progression from G1 to S phase. The levels of Cyclin A-Cdk2 are maximal at the G1/S transition and both Cdk2 and Cyclin A associate with DNA in the initiation complex during replication. The Rb protein has been identified as a substrate for Cdk2-Cyclin E and/or Cdk2-Cyclin A in vivo. This observation is supported by further evidence which shows that Cdk2 is activated and specifically localized to the nucleus during late G1, S phase, and G2.



Western blot analysis of Cdk2 on a Jurkat lysate. Lane 1: 1:2500, lane 2: 1:5000, lane 3: 1:10000 dilution of the Cdk2 antibody.



Immunofluorescent staining of HeLa (ATCC CCL-2) cells. Cells were seeded in a 96 well imaging plate (Cat. No. 353219) at ~ 10 000 cells per well. After overnight incubation, cells were stained using the alcohol perm protocol and the anti-Cdk2 antibody. The second step reagent was FITC goat anti mouse Ig (Cat. No. 554001). Images were taken on a BD Pathway™ 855 bioimaging system using a 20x objective. This antibody also stained A549 (ATCC CCL-185) and U-2 OS (ATCC HTB-96) cells and worked with both the Triton™ X-100 and alcohol fix/perm protocols (see Recommended Assay Procedure)

Preparation and Storage

Store undiluted at -20°C.

The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography.

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Application Notes

Application

Western blot	Routinely Tested
Immunohistochemistry	Tested During Development
Immunoprecipitation	Tested During Development
Bioimaging	Tested During Development

Recommended Assay Procedure:

Bioimaging

- Seed the cells in appropriate culture medium at ~10,000 cells per well in a BD Falcon™ 96-well Imaging Plate (Cat. No. 353219) and culture overnight.
- Remove the culture medium from the wells, and fix the cells by adding 100 µl of BD Cytofix™ Fixation Buffer (Cat. No. 554655) to each well.
 Incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature (RT).
- 3. Remove the fixative from the wells, and permeabilize the cells using either BD Perm Buffer III, 90% methanol, or Triton™ X-100:
 - a. Add 100 µl of -20°C 90% methanol or Perm Buffer III (Cat. No. 558050) to each well and incubate for 5 minutes at RT.

OR

- b. Add 100 μl of 0.1% Triton TM X-100 to each well and incubate for 5 minutes at RT.
- 4. Remove the permeabilization buffer, and wash the wells twice with 100 μ l of 1× PBS.
- 5. Remove the PBS, and block the cells by adding 100 μl of BD PharmingenTM Stain Buffer (FBS) (Cat. No. 554656) to each well. Incubate for 30 minutes at RT.
- Remove the blocking buffer and add 50 µl of the optimally titrated primary antibody (diluted in Stain Buffer) to each well, and incubate for 1
 hour at RT.
- 7. Remove the primary antibody, and wash the wells three times with 100 μ l of 1× PBS.
- 8. Remove the PBS, and add the second step reagent at its optimally titrated concentration in 50 μl to each well, and incubate in the dark for 1 hour at RT.
- 9. Remove the second step reagent, and wash the wells three times with 100 μ l of 1× PBS.
- 10. Remove the PBS, and counter-stain the nuclei by adding 200 μl per well of 2 μg/ml Hoechst 33342 (e.g., Sigma-Aldrich Cat. No. B2261) in 1× PBS to each well at least 15 minutes before imaging.
- 11. View and analyze the cells on an appropriate imaging instrument.

Bioimaging: For more detailed information please refer to http://www.bdbiosciences.com/support/resources/protocols/ceritifed reagents.jsp

Western blot: For more detailed information please refer to http://www.bdbiosciences.com/support/resources/protocols/monoclonal_anti.jsp

Suggested Companion Products

Catalog Number	<u>Name</u>	Size	Clone	
554001	FITC Goat Anti-Mouse Ig	0.5 mg	Polyclonal	
554002	HRP Goat Anti-Mouse Ig	1.0 ml	(none)	
611451	Jurkat Cell Lysate	500 μg	(none)	
353219	BD Falcon™ 96-well Imaging Plate	NA	(none)	
554655	Fixation Buffer	100 ml	(none)	
558050	Perm Buffer III	125 ml	(none)	
554656	Stain Buffer (FBS)	500 ml	(none)	

Product Notices

- 1. Since applications vary, each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results.
- 2. This antibody has been developed and certified for the bioimaging application. However, a routine bioimaging test is not performed on every lot. Researchers are encouraged to titrate the reagent for optimal performance.
- 3. Triton is a trademark of the Dow Chemical Company.
- 4. Source of all serum proteins is from USDA inspected abattoirs located in the United States.
- Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.
- 6. Please refer to www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/protocols for technical protocols.

References

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Saitoh H, Pizzi MD, Wang J. Perturbation of SUMOlation enzyme Ubc9 by distinct domain within nucleoporin RanBP2/Nup358. *J Biol Chem.* 2002; 277(7):4755-4763. (Biology: Immunofluorescence)

610146 Rev. 3 Page 2 of 2