

# CD4<sup>+</sup> CD62L<sup>+</sup> T Cell Isolation Kit II

mouse

Order no. 130-093-227

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### 1. Description

Components

1 mL CD4<sup>+</sup> T Cell Biotin-Antibody Cocktail II, mouse:

Cocktail of biotin-conjugated monoclonal anti-mouse antibodies against CD8a, CD45R, CD11b, CD25, CD49b, TCRγ/δ, and Ter-119.

2 mL Anti-Biotin MicroBeads:

MicroBeads conjugated to monoclonal antibiotin antibody (isotype: mouse IgG1).

**2** mL CD62L (L-selectin) MicroBeads: MicroBeads conjugated to monoclonal antimouse CD62L (L-selectin; isotype: rat IgG2a)

antibody.

Size For  $1 \times 10^9$  total cells.

**Product format** All components are supplied in buffer containing

stabilizer and 0.05% sodium azide.

**Storage** Store protected from light at 2–8 °C. Do not freeze.

The expiration date is indicated on the vial label.

#### 1.1 Principle of MACS® Separation

The isolation of mouse CD4<sup>+</sup>CD62L<sup>+</sup> T cells is performed in a twostep procedure. First, non-CD4<sup>+</sup> T cells are indirectly magnetically labeled with a cocktail of biotin-conjugated antibodies and Anti-Biotin MicroBeads. The labeled cells are subsequently depleted by separation over a MACS<sup>\*</sup> Column.

In the second step, CD4 $^+$ CD62L $^+$  T cells are directly labeled with CD62L (L-selectin) MicroBeads and isolated by positive selection from the pre-enriched CD4 $^+$ T cell fraction.

The magnetically labeled  $CD4^+CD62L^+$  T cells are retained on the column and eluted after removal of the column from the magnetic field.

#### Depletion of non-CD4<sup>+</sup> T cells

1. Indirect magnetic labeling of non-CD4 $^+$  T cells with the CD4 $^+$  T Cell Biotin-Antibody Cocktail II and Anti-Biotin MicroBeads.

2. Magnetic separation using an LS Column or the autoMACS Separator (program "Depletes").

# Single-cell suspension



Flow-through fraction: pre-enriched CD4<sup>+</sup> T cells

## Positive selection of CD4+CD62L+ T cells

- $\begin{array}{l} \text{1. Direct magnetic labeling of} \\ \text{CD4+CD62L+ T cells with CD62L} \\ \text{(L-selectin) MicroBeads.} \end{array}$
- 2. Magnetic separation using an MS Column or the autoMACS Separator (program "Possel").

Elution from column: CD4+CD62L+ T cells

## 1.2 Background and product applications

The CD4<sup>+</sup>CD62L<sup>+</sup> T Cell Isolation Kit II has been developed for the isolation of CD4<sup>+</sup>CD62L<sup>+</sup> T helper cells from spleen and lymph nodes.

CD62L (L-selectin) is highly expressed on naive T cells and down-regulated upon activation. It is also expressed on a small subset of memory T helper cells, the central memory T cells, which can be distinguished from naive T helper cells by their high expression of CD44. Furthermore, CD62L is expressed on most thymocytes, naive CD8+ T cells, B cells, dendritic cells, macrophages, NK cells, neutrophils, eosinophils, regulatory T cells, and  $TCR\gamma/\delta^+$  T cells. For isolation of CD4+CD62L+ T helper cells, the non-T helper cells as well as regulatory T cells and  $TCR\gamma/\delta^+$  T cells are depleted by indirect magnetic labeling using a cocktail of lineage-specific biotinconjugated antibodies against CD8a (Ly-2), CD45R (B220), CD49b (DX5), CD11b (Mac-1), and Ter-119, as well as antibodies against

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CD25 and  $TCR\gamma/\delta$  in combination with Anti-Biotin MicroBeads. Subsequently, CD4+CD62L+ T cells are positively selected from the enriched CD4+ T helper cell fraction with CD62L (L-selectin) MicroBeads.

### **Example applications**

Isolation of CD4<sup>+</sup>CD62L<sup>+</sup> T cells from single cell suspensions of spleen and lymph nodes for:

- analysis of T cell activation by antigen-presenting cells;
- studies on cytokine expression and receptor signaling;
- adoptive transfer experiments.

#### 1.3 Reagent and instrument requirements

- Buffer: Prepare a solution containing phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) pH 7.2, 0.5% bovine serum albumin (BSA), and 2 mM EDTA by diluting MACS BSA Stock Solution (# 130-091-376) 1:20 with autoMACS™ Rinsing Solution (# 130-091-222). Keep buffer cold (4–8 °C). Degas buffer before use, as air bubbles could block the column.
  - $\blacktriangle$  Note: EDTA can be replaced by other supplements such as anticoagulant citrate dextrose formula-A (ACD-A) or citrate phosphate dextrose (CPD). BSA can be replaced by other proteins such as gelatine, mouse serum, or fetal calf serum. Buffers or media containing Ca<sup>2+</sup> or Mg<sup>2+</sup> are not recommended for use.
- MACS Columns and MACS Separators: Depletion of non-CD4<sup>+</sup>
   T cells is performed on an LS Column. The subsequent positive selection of CD4<sup>+</sup>CD62L<sup>+</sup> T cells is performed on an MS Column.
   Depletion and positive selection can also be performed by using the autoMACS Separator.

Column	Max. number of labeled leukocytes	Max. number of total leukocytes	Separator
Depletion			
LS	$10^{8}$	2×10 <sup>9</sup>	MidiMACS, QuadroMACS,
			VarioMACS, SuperMACS
Positive se	lection		
MS	$10^{7}$	2×10 <sup>8</sup>	MiniMACS, OctoMACS,
			VarioMACS, SuperMACS
Depletion	and positive selection	1	
autoMACS	2×10 <sup>8</sup>	4×10 <sup>9</sup>	autoMACS

- ▲ Note: Column adapters are required to insert certain columns into the VarioMACS™ or SuperMACS™ Separators. For details see the respective MACS Separator data sheet.
- (Optional) Fluorochrome-conjugated antibodies, for flow-cytometric analysis e.g. CD4-FITC (# 130-091-608), CD4-PE (#130-091-607), CD4-APC (#130-091-611), CD62L-PE (# 130-091-794), CD62L-APC (# 130-091-805), CD25-PE (# 130-091-013), and CD44 antibodies.
- (Optional) Propidium iodide (PI) or 7-AAD for flow-cytometric exclusion of dead cells.
- (Optional) Pre-Separation Filters (# 130-041-407) to remove cell clumps.

#### 2. Protocol

### 2.1 Sample preparation

Prepare a single-cell suspension from spleen and lymph nodes using standard methods.

▲ Note: Red blood cell lysis or density gradient centrifugation is not necessary, since red blood cells are depleted in the first magnetic separation step on the basis of expression of Ter-119, a red blood cell restricted surface antigen of the mouse.

▲ Note: Dead cells may bind non-specifically to MACS MicroBeads. In case of high numbers of dead cells, removal of dead cells by density gradient centrifugation or the Dead Cell Removal Kit (#130-090-101) is recommended.



#### 2.2 Magnetic labeling of non-CD4<sup>+</sup> T cells

- ▲ Work fast, keep cells cold and use pre-cooled solutions. This will prevent capping of antibodies on the cell surface and non-specific cell labeling.
- $\blacktriangle$  Volumes for magnetic labeling given below are for up to  $10^8$  leukocytes. When working with fewer than  $10^8$  cells, use the same volumes as indicated. When working with higher cell numbers, scale up all reagent volumes and total volumes accordingly (e.g. for  $2\times10^8$  leukocytes use twice the volume of all indicated reagent volumes and total volumes).
- ▲ For optimal performance it is important to obtain a single-cell suspension before magnetic separation. Pass cells through 30 µm nylon mesh (Pre-Separation Filters, # 130-041-407) to remove cell clumps which may clog the column.
- 1. Determine the number of leukocytes.
- 2. Centrifuge cells at 300×g for 10 minutes. Aspirate supernatant completely.
- 3. Resuspend cell pellet in 400  $\mu$ L of buffer per 10<sup>8</sup> total cells.
- 4. Add 100  $\mu L$  of CD4+ T Cell Biotin-Antibody Cocktail II per  $10^8$  total cells.
- 5. Mix well and refrigerate for 10 minutes (4–8 °C).
- 6. Add 300  $\mu L$  of buffer and 200  $\mu L$  of **Anti-Biotin MicroBeads** per 10<sup>8</sup> total cells.
- 7. Mix well and refrigerate for 15 minutes (4–8 °C).
- 8. Wash cells by adding 10 mL of buffer and centrifuge at  $300 \times g$  for 10 minutes at 4-8 °C. Aspirate supernatant completely.
- 9. Resuspend up to  $10^8$  cells in 500 µL of buffer.
  - ▲ Note: For higher cell numbers, scale up buffer volume accordingly.
- 10. Proceed to magnetic separation (2.3).



# 2.3 Magnetic separation: Depletion of non-CD4<sup>+</sup> T cells

#### **Depletion with LS Column**

- Place LS Column in the magnetic field of a suitable MACS Separator. For details see LS Column data sheet.
- 2. Prepare column by rinsing with 3 mL of buffer.
- 3. Apply cell suspension onto the column.
- 4. Collect unlabeled cells which pass through and wash column with 3×3 mL of buffer. Perform washing steps by adding buffer three times. Only add new buffer when the column reservoir is empty. Collect total effluent. This contains the unlabeled preenriched CD4+T cell fraction.
- 5. Proceed to 2.4 for the isolation of CD4<sup>+</sup>CD62L<sup>+</sup> T cells.

#### Depletion with the autoMACS™ Separator

▲ Refer to the autoMACS<sup>™</sup> User Manual for instructions on how to use the autoMACS Separator.

- 1. Prepare and prime the autoMACS Separator.
- 2. Place the tube containing the magnetically labeled cells in the autoMACS Separator. Choose the separation program "Depletes".
- 3. Collect the unlabeled fraction from outlet port neg1. This is the pre-enriched CD4<sup>+</sup> T cell fraction.
- 4. Proceed to 2.4 for the isolation of CD4<sup>+</sup>CD62L<sup>+</sup> T cells.



# 2.4 Magnetic labeling of naive CD4+ T cells

 $\triangle$  Volumes for magnetic labeling given below are for an initial starting cell number of up to  $10^8$  leukocytes. For larger initial cell numbers, scale up volumes accordingly.

- 1. Centrifuge the cells at 300×g for 10 minutes. Aspirate supernatant completely.
- 2. Resuspend cell pellet in  $800 \mu L$  of buffer.
- 3. Add 200 µL of CD62L (L-selectin) MicroBeads.
- 4. Mix well and refrigerate for 15 minutes (4-8 °C).
- 5. Wash cells by adding 10 mL of buffer and centrifuge at 300×g for 10 minutes. Aspirate supernatant completely.
- 6. Resuspend up to  $10^8$  cells in 500  $\mu$ L of buffer.
- 7. Proceed to magnetic separation (2.5).



# 2.5 Magnetic separation: Positive selection of CD4<sup>+</sup>CD62L<sup>+</sup> T cells

#### Positive selection with MS Columns

- 1. Place MS Column in the magnetic field of a suitable MACS Separator. For details see MS Column data sheet.
- 2. Prepare column by rinsing with 500 μL of buffer.
- 3. Apply cell suspension onto the column.
- 4. Wash column with  $3\times500~\mu\text{L}$  of buffer. Perform washing steps by adding buffer three times. Only add new buffer when the column reservoir is empty.
- Remove column from the separator and place it on a suitable collection tube.
- 6. Pipette 1 mL of buffer onto the column. Immediately flush out the magnetically labeled CD4<sup>+</sup>CD62L<sup>+</sup> T cells by firmly pushing the plunger into the column.

#### Positive selection with the autoMACS™ Separator

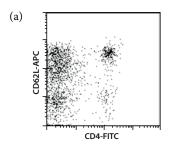
▲ Refer to the autoMACS<sup>™</sup> User Manual for instructions on how to use the autoMACS Separator.

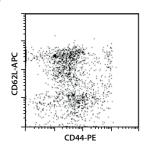
- 1. Prepare and prime the autoMACS Separator.
- 2. Place the tube containing the magnetically labeled cells in the autoMACS Separator. Choose the separation program "Possel".
- Collect the positive fraction from outlet port pos1. This is the enriched CD4+CD62L+T cell fraction.

# 3. Example of a separation using the CD4<sup>+</sup>CD62L<sup>+</sup> T Cell Isolation Kit II

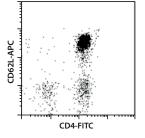
CD4<sup>+</sup>CD62L<sup>+</sup> T cells were isolated from a mouse spleen cell suspension using the CD4<sup>+</sup>CD62L<sup>+</sup> T Cell Isolation Kit II, an LS and an MS Column, a MidiMACS<sup>™</sup> and a MiniMACS<sup>™</sup> Separator. The cells were fluorescently stained with CD4-FITC (# 130-091-608) and CD62L-APC (# 130-091-805) for detection of naive T cells (a) and with CD62L-APC and CD44-PE for detection of central memory T cells (b). Additionally, cells were stained with CD25-PE (# 130-091-013) to illustrate the removal of CD25<sup>+</sup>CD62L<sup>+</sup> regulatory T cells (c). Cell debris and dead cells were excluded from the analysis based on scatter signals and PI fluorescence.

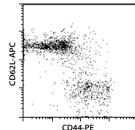
# Before separation (b)



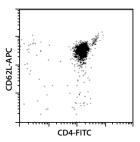


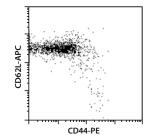
Pre-enriched CD4 $^+$  T cells after depletion of non-CD4 $^+$  T cells



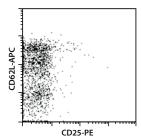


Isolated CD4+CD62L+ T cells

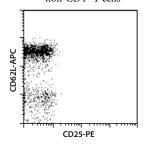




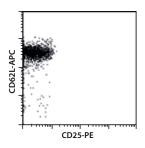
#### Before separation



Pre-enriched CD4+ T cells after depletion of non-CD4+ T cells



Isolated CD4+CD62L+ T cells



### Warnings

Reagents contain sodium azide. Under acidic conditions sodium azide yields hydrazoic acid, which is extremely toxic. Azide compounds should be diluted with running water before discarding. These precautions are recommended to avoid deposits in plumbing where explosive conditions may develop.

#### Warranty

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