

Mouse (monoclonal) Anti-Human Thrombospondin Receptor Gp IV CD36 FITC Conjugate

PRODUCT ANALYSIS SHEET

Catalog Number: AHS3608

Lot Number: See product label

Clone: SMΦ

Quantity/Volume: 100 tests/1 mL

Form of Antibody: Fluorescein isothiocyanate conjugated purified immunoglobulin in phosphate buffered

saline with 0.1% BSA and 10 mM sodium azide (Caution: sodium azide is a hazardous

and poisonous substance. Handle with care and dispose of properly.)

Purification: Purified from tissue culture supernatant by ammonium sulfate precipitation followed by

gel filtration.

Isotype: IgM

Immunogen: Human tonsil and peripheral blood mononuclear cells.

Specificity: This monoclonal antibody recognizes CD36, a single chain membrane glycoprotein with

 $M_r = 90$ kDa present on monocytes/macrophages and platelets. CD36 is also known as platelet GpIV. CD36 serves as the collagen receptor, the thrombospondin receptor, the low density lipoprotein receptor, the *Plasmodium falciparum* receptor, and as a

macrophage receptor for apoptotic cells.

Applications: Flow cytometry.

Working Dilution: Use a 10 μ L to label 10⁶ cells for flow cytometry.

Storage: Store at 2-8°C, protected from light. DO NOT FREEZE.

Expiration Date: Expires one year from date of receipt when stored as instructed.

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

www.invitrogen.com

References:

Hogg, N., S. MacDonald, M. Slusarenko, and P.C. Beverley (1984) Monoclonal antibodies specific for human monocytes, granulocytes, and endothelium. Immunology 53:753-767.

Greenwalt, D.E., R.H. Lipsky, C.F. Ockenhouse, H. Ikeda, N.N. Tandon, and G.A. Jamieson (1992) Membrane glycoprotein CD36: a review of its role in adherence, signal transduction, and transfusion medicine. Blood 80:1105-1115.

Blauvelt, A., H. Asada, M.W. Saville, V. Klaus-Kovtun, D.J. Altman, R. Yarchoan, and S.I. Katz (1997) Productive infection of dendritic cells by HIV-1 and their ability to capture virus are mediated through separate pathways. J. Clin. Invest. 100(8):2043-2053.

Bermudez, L.E., J. Sangari, P. Kolonoski, M. Petrofsky, and J. Goodman (2002) The efficiency of the translocation of *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* across a bilayer of epithelial and endothelial cells as a model of the alveolar wall is a consequence of transport within mononuclear phagocytes and invasion of alveolar epithelial cells. Infection and Immunity 70(1):140-146.

Leucocyte Typing IV (1989) Oxford University Press.

Leucocyte Typing V (1992) Oxford University Press.