Technical Data Sheet

Alexa Fluor[®] 647 Mouse Anti-Human CD66b

Product Information

Material Number:
Alternate Name:
Size:
Vol. per Test:
Clone:
Isotype:
Reactivity:
Workshop:
Storage Buffer:

561645 CEACAM8; CGM6; NCA-95 50 tests 5 µl G10F5 Mouse IgM, ĸ QC Testing: Human V 5T-127, MA020 Aqueous buffered solution containing BSA, protein stabilizer, and ≤0.09% sodium azide.

Description

The G10F5 monoclonal antibody specifically binds to CD66b. CD66b is a glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) linked protein with a molecular weight of 100 kDa expressed on granulocytes. This molecule was previously clustered as CD67 in the Fourth Human Leucocyte Differentiation Antigen (HLDA) Workshop and renamed CD66b in the Fifth HLDA Workshop. CD66b is a member of the carcinoembryonic antigen (CEA)-like glycoprotein family present on granulocytes and referred to as non-specific cross-reacting antigens (NCA). Granulocyte activation induced with soluble stimulators (calcium ionophore, phorbol myristate acetate, Nformylmethionyl- leucyl-phenylalanine) results in release and increased expression of NCA. Findings suggest that these molecules may play a role in phagocytosis, chemotaxis and adherence.



Flow cytometric analysis of CD66b expression on human peripheral blood granulocytes. Whole blood was stained with either Alexa Fluor® 647 Mouse Anti-Human CD66b antibody (Cat. No. 561645; solid line histogram) or with an Alexa Fluor® 647 Mouse IgM, κ Isotype Control (Cat. No. 560806; dashed line histogram). The erythrocytes were lysed with BD PharmLyse™ Lysing Buffer (Cat. No. 555899). The fluorescence histograms were derived from events with the forward and side light-scatter characteristics of viable granulocytes. Flow cytometry was performed using a BD™ LSR II Flow Cytometer System.

Preparation and Storage

Store undiluted at 4°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.

The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography.

The antibody was conjugated to Alexa Fluor® 647 under optimum conditions, and unreacted Alexa Fluor® 647 was removed.

Application Notes

Application								
Flow cytometry Routinely Tex					Routinely Tested			
Suggeste	d Compani	on Product	S					
Catalog Number		Name				Size	Clone	_
560806		Alexa Fluor® 647 Mouse IgM, κ Isotype Control				0.1 mg	G155-228	-
554656		Stain Buffer (FBS)				500 ml	(none)	
BD Bioscie	ences							
bdbiosciences.	com							
United States 877.232.8995	Canada 888.268.5430	Europe 32.53.720.550	Japan 0120.8555.90	Asia Pacific 65.6861.0633	Latin America/Caribbean 0800.771.7157			5 L
For country-sp	ecific contact in	formation, visit I	bdbiosciences.co	m/how_to_orde	r/			
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Product Notices

- 1. Source of all serum proteins is from USDA inspected abattoirs located in the United States.
- 2. This reagent has been pre-diluted for use at the recommended Volume per Test. We typically use 1×10^{6} cells in a 100-µl experimental sample (a test).
- 3. An isotype control should be used at the same concentration as the antibody of interest.
- 4. Please refer to www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/protocols for technical protocols.
- 5. The Alexa Fluor®, Pacific Blue[™], and Cascade Blue® dye antibody conjugates in this product are sold under license from Molecular Probes, Inc. for research use only, excluding use in combination with microarrays, or as analyte specific reagents. The Alexa Fluor® dyes (except for Alexa Fluor® 430), Pacific Blue[™] dye, and Cascade Blue® dye are covered by pending and issued patents.
- 6. Alexa Fluor® is a registered trademark of Molecular Probes, Inc., Eugene, OR.
- 7. Alexa Fluor® 647 fluorochrome emission is collected at the same instrument settings as for allophycocyanin (APC).
- 8. Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.
 - For fluorochrome spectra and suitable instrument settings, please refer to our Fluorochrome Web Page at www.bdbiosciences.com/colors.

References

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Kuijpers TW, van der Schoot CE, Hoogerwerf M, Roos D. Cross-linking of the carcinoembryonic antigen-like glycoproteins CD66 and CD67 induces neutrophil aggregation. *J Immunol.* 1993; 151(9):4934-4940. (Biology)

Kuroki M, Matsuo Y, Kinugasa T, Matsuoka Y. Augmented expression and release of nonspecific cross-reacting antigens (NCAs), members of the CEA family, by human neutrophils during cell activation. J Leukoc Biol. 1992; 52(5):551-557. (Biology)

Lund-Johansen F, Olweus J, Horejsi V, et al. Activation of human phagocytes through carbohydrate antigens (CD15, sialyl-CD15, CDw17, and CDw65). J Immunol. 1992: 148(10):3221-3229. (Immunogen)

Schlossman S, Boumell L, et al, ed. Leucocyte Typing V. New York: Oxford University Press; 1995. (Clone-specific)