# **Technical Data Sheet**

# **APC-H7 Mouse Anti-Human CD14**

#### **Product Information**

**Material Number:** 561384

Alternate Name: LPS receptor; LPS-R; Myeloid cell-specific leucine-rich glycoprotein

Size Vol. per Test: 5 μl M5E2 Clone: Isotype: Mouse IgG2a, κ

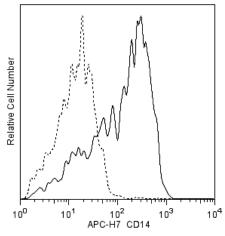
Reactivity: Human

QC Testing: Rhesus or Cynomolgus Workshop:

Storage Buffer: Aqueous buffered solution containing BSA, protein stabilizer, and ≤0.09%

## Description

The M5E2 monoclonal antibody specifically binds to CD14, a 53-55 kDa glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI)-anchored single chain glycoprotein expressed at high levels on monocytes. Additionally, the anti-CD14 antibody reacts with interfollicular macrophages, reticular dendritic cells, and some Langerhans cells. CD14 has been identified as a high affinity cell-surface receptor for complexes of lipopolysaccharide (LPS) and serum LPS-binding protein, LPB.



Flow cytometric analysis of CD14 expression on Rhesus macaque peripheral blood monocytes. Rhesus macaque whole blood was stained with the APC-H7 Mouse anti-Human CD14 antibody (Cat. No. 561384; solid line histogram) or with an APC-H7 Mouse IgG2a, κ Isotype Control (Cat. No. 560897; dashed line histogram). The erythrocytes were lysed with BD PharmLyse™ Lysing Buffer (Cat. No. 555899). The fluorescence histograms were derived from events with the forward and side light-scatter characteristics of viable monocytes. Flow cytometry was performed using a BD  $^{\rm TM}$  LSR II Flow Cytometer System.

# **Preparation and Storage**

Store undiluted at 4°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.

The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography.

The antibody was conjugated with APC-H7 under optimum conditions, and unconjugated antibody and APC-H7 were removed.

# **Application Notes**

## Application

ppicution	
Flow cytometry	Routinely Tested

# **Suggested Companion Products**

Catalog Number	Name	Size	Clone
560897	APC-H7 Mouse IgG2a, κ Isotype Control	0.1 mg	G155-178
555899	Lysing Buffer	100 ml	(none)
554656	Stain Buffer (FBS)	500 ml	(none)

## **Product Notices**

- This reagent has been pre-diluted for use at the recommended Volume per Test. We typically use 1 × 10<sup>6</sup> cells in a 100-µl experimental sample (a test).
- An isotype control should be used at the same concentration as the antibody of interest.
- Source of all serum proteins is from USDA inspected abattoirs located in the United States.

# **BD Biosciences**

bdbiosciences.com

**United States** Canada **Asia Pacific** Latin America/Caribbean Europe Japar 877.232.8995 888.268.5430 32.53.720.550 0120.8555.90 65.6861.0633 0800.771.7157

For country-specific contact information, visit bdbiosciences.com/how\_to\_order/

Conditions: The information disclosed herein is not to be construed as a recommendation to use the above product in violation Conditions: The information disclosed herein is not to be construed as a recommendation to use the above product in violation of any patents. BD Biosciences will not be held responsible for patent infringement or other violations that may occur with the use of our products. Purchase does not include or carry any right to resell or transfer this product either as a stand-alone product or as a component of another product. Any use of this product other than the permitted use without the express written authorization of Becton Dickinson and Company is strictly prohibited.

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Not for resale.

BD, BD Logo and all other trademarks are the property of Becton, Dickinson and Company. ©2011 BD



- 4. Please observe the following precautions: Absorption of visible light can significantly alter the energy transfer occurring in any tandem fluorochrome conjugate; therefore, we recommend that special precautions be taken (such as wrapping vials, tubes, or racks in aluminum foil) to prevent exposure of conjugated reagents, including cells stained with those reagents, to room illumination.
- Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.
- 6. For fluorochrome spectra and suitable instrument settings, please refer to our Fluorochrome Web Page at www.bdbiosciences.com/colors.
- 7. Cy is a trademark of Amersham Biosciences Limited.
- 8. BD APC-H7 is a tandem conjugate and an analog of APC-Cy7 with the same spectral properties. It has decreased intensity but it is engineered for greater stability and less spillover in the APC channel and consequently offers better performance than APC-Cy7. It has an absorption maximum of approximately 650 nm. When excited by light from a red laser, the APC fluorochrome can transfer energy to the cyanine dye, which then emits at a longer wavelength. The resulting fluorescent emission maximum is approximately 767 nm. BD recommends that a 750-nm longpass filter be used along with a red-sensitive detector such as the Hamamatsu R3896 PMT. As with APC-Cy7 special filters are required when using APC-H7 in conjunction with APC.
  - Note: Although our APC-H7 products demonstrate higher lot-to lot consistency than other APC tandem conjugate products, and every effort is made to minimize the lot-to-lot variation in residual emission from APC, it is strongly recommended that every lot be tested for differences in the amount of compensation required and that individual compensation controls are run for each APC-H7 conjugate. Note: Cy is a trademark of Amersham Biosciences Limited.
- 9. Although BD APC-H7 is engineered to minimize spillover to the APC channel and is more stable and less affected by light, temperature, and formaldehyde-based fixatives, compared to other APC-cyanine tandem dyes, it is still good practice to minimize as much as possible, any light, temperature and fixative exposure when working with all fluorescent conjugates.
- 10. Please refer to www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/protocols for technical protocols.

### References

Knapp W, Dorken B, Rieber EP, et al, ed. *Leucocyte Typing IV*. New York: Oxford University Press; 1989:1-1208. (Biology)
McMichael AJ, Beverly PCL, Gilks W, et al, ed. *Leukocyte Typing III: White Cell Differentiation Antigens*. New York: Oxford University Press; 1987. (Biology)
Wright SD, Ramos RA, Tobias PS, Ulevitch RJ, Mathison JC. CD14, a receptor for complexes of lipopolysaccharide (LPS) and LPS binding protein. *Science*. 1990; 249(4975):1431-1433. (Biology)

561384 Rev. 1 Page 2 of 2