Technical Data Sheet

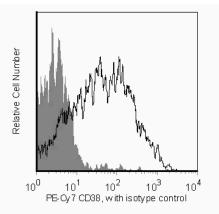
PE-Cy[™]7 Mouse Anti-Human CD38

Product Information

Material Number:	560677
Size:	50 tests
Vol. per Test:	5 μl
Clone:	HIT2
Isotype:	Mouse IgG1, ĸ
Reactivity:	QC Testing: Human
Workshop:	III 155
Storage Buffer:	Aqueous buffered solution containing BSA and $\leq 0.09\%$ sodium azide.

Description

The HIT2 monoclonal antibody specifically binds to CD38. CD38 is a 45 kDa type II single-chain transmembrane glycoprotein present on thymocytes, activated T cells and terminally differentiated B cells (plasma cells). Other reactive cells include monocytes, macrophages, dendritic cells and some epithelial cells. The CD38 antigen acts as an ectoenzyme that catalyzes the synthesis and hydrolysis of a Ca++ mobilizing agent, cyclic ADP-ribose. This intracellular calcium plays an important role in cell signalling pathways. Reports describe CD38 as participating in adhesion with CD31, immunoregulatory functions involving signal transduction leading to cell growth, apoptosis, and differentiation.



Flow cytometric analysis of CD38 on human lysed whole blood. Human lysed whole blood was stained with the PE-Cy[™]7 Mouse Anti-Human CD38 antibody (unshaded) or with a PE-Cy[™]7 Mouse IgG1, κ isotype control (shaded). Histograms were derived from gated events based on light scattering characteristics for lymphocytes. Flow cytometry was performed on a BD[™] LSR II flow cytometry system.

Preparation and Storage

Store undiluted at 4°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.

The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography.

The antibody was conjugated with PE-Cy7 under optimum conditions, and unconjugated antibody and free PE-Cy7 were removed.

Application Notes

Application						
Flow cytometry	Routinely Tested					
Suggested Compar	nion Products					
Catalog Number	Name		Size	Clone		
557872	PE-Cy [™] 7 Mouse IgG1 κ Isotype Control		100 tests	MOPC-21		
555899	Lysing Buffer		100 ml	(none)		

Product Notices

- 1. This reagent has been pre-diluted for use at the recommended Volume per Test. We typically use 1×10^{6} cells in a 100-µl experimental sample (a test).
- 2. An isotype control should be used at the same concentration as the antibody of interest.
- 3. Warning: Some APC-Cy7 and PE-Cy7 conjugates show changes in their emission spectrum with prolonged exposure to formaldehyde. If you are unable to analyze fixed samples within four hours, we recommend that you use BD[™] Stabilizing Fixative (Cat. No. 338036).
- 4. Cy is a trademark of Amersham Biosciences Limited. This conjugated product is sold under license to the following patents: US Patent Nos. 5,486,616; 5,569,587; 5,569,766; 5,627,027.

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- 6. PE-Cy7 is a tandem fluorochrome composed of R-phycoerythrin (PE), which is excited by 488-nm light and serves as an energy donor, coupled to the cyanine dye Cy7, which acts as an energy acceptor and fluoresces maximally at 780 nm. PE-Cy7 tandem fluorochrome emission is collected in a detector for fluorescence wavelengths of 750 nm and higher. Although every effort is made to minimize the lot-to-lot variation in the efficiency of the fluorochrome energy transfer, differences in the residual emission from PE may be observed. Therefore, we recommend that individual compensation controls be performed for every PE-Cy7 conjugate. PE-Cy7 is optimized for use with a single argon ion laser emitting 488-nm light, and there is no significant overlap between PE-Cy7 and FITC emission spectra. When using dual-laser cytometers, which may directly excite both PE and Cy7, we recommend the use of cross-beam compensation during data acquisition or software compensation during data analysis.
- 7. Source of all serum proteins is from USDA inspected abattoirs located in the United States.
- Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.
- 9. Please observe the following precautions: Absorption of visible light can significantly alter the energy transfer occurring in any tandem fluorochrome conjugate; therefore, we recommend that special precautions be taken (such as wrapping vials, tubes, or racks in aluminum foil) to prevent exposure of conjugated reagents, including cells stained with those reagents, to room illumination.
- 10. For fluorochrome spectra and suitable instrument settings, please refer to our Fluorochrome Web Page at www.bdbiosciences.com/colors.
- 11. Please refer to www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/protocols for technical protocols.

References

McMichael AJ, Beverly PCL, Gilks W, et al, ed. Leukocyte Typing III: White Cell Differentiation Antigens. New York: Oxford University Press; 1987. (Biology) Schlossman SF, Bournsell L, Gilks W, et al, ed. Leukocyte Typing V: White Cell Differentiation Antigens. New York: Oxford University Press; 1995. (Biology)