Technical Data Sheet

PE-Cy™7 Rat Anti-Mouse CD62L

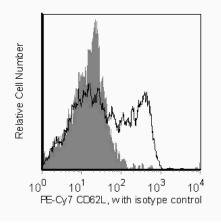
Product Information

Material Number:	
Alternate Name:	
Size:	
Concentration:	
Clone:	
Immunogen:	
Isotype:	
Reactivity:	
Storage Buffer:	

560516 L-selectin, LECAM-1, Ly-22 50 µg 0.2 mg/ml MEL-14 C3H/eb mouse B lymphoma 38C-13 Rat (F344) IgG2a, ĸ QC Testing: Mouse Aqueous buffered solution containing $\leq 0.09\%$ sodium azide.

Description

The MEL-14 antibody reacts with CD62L (L-selectin), a 95 kDa (on neutrophils) or 74 kDa (on lymphocytes) receptor with lectin-like and Epidermal Growth Factor-like domains. In the mouse, L-selectin is detected on most thymocytes, with the highest levels of expression on an immunocompetent subset and a population of dividing progenitor cells, and on peripheral leukocytes, including subsets of B and T lymphocytes, neutrophils, monocytes, and eosinophils. This member of the selectin adhesion molecule family appears to be required for lymphocyte homing to peripheral lymph nodes and to contribute to neutrophil emigration at inflammatory sites. L-selectin is rapidly shed from lymphocytes and neutrophils upon cell activation, metalloproteinases may mediate the release of CD62L ectodomains from the cell surface. The level of CD62L expression, along with other markers, distinguishes naive, effector, and memory T cells. L-selectin binds to sialytaed oligosaccharide determinants on high endothelial venules (HEV) in peripheral lymph nodes. In vitro studies have demonstrated that CD34, GlyCAM-1, and MAdCAM-1, all recognized by mAb MECA-79 (anti-mouse PNAd Carbohydrate Epitope, Cat. No. 553863), may be ligands for CD62L. MEL-14 mAb blocks in vitro binding of lymphocytes to peripheral lymph node HEV and inhibits in vivo lymphocyte extravasation into peripheral lymph nodes and late stages of leukocyte rolling.



Analysis of CD62L on mouse bone marrow. Bone marrow cells from C57BL/6 mice were stained with the PE-Cy™7 Rat Anti-Mouse CD62L antibody (unshaded) or with a PE-Cy™7 Rat IgG2a, κ isotype control (shaded). Histograms were derived from gated events based on light scattering characteristics for bone marrow. Flow cytometry was performed on a BD LSR™ II flow cytometry system.

Preparation and Storage

Store undiluted at 4°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze. The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography.

The antibody was conjugated with PE-Cy7 under optimum conditions, and unconjugated antibody and free PE-Cy7 were removed.

Application Notes

Application Flow cytome	etrv	Routinely Tested						
Suggested	5	on Product	s					
Catalog Numb	Der	Name				Size	Clone	
552784 PE-Cy [™] 7 Rat IgG2a, κ Isotype Control				0.1 mg	R35-95			
553141		Purified Rat Anti-Mouse CD16/CD32 (Mouse BD Fc Block™)			2 (Mouse BD Fc Block TM)	0.1 mg	2.4G2	
1. Since app BD Bioscien		ry, each inves	tigator should	titrate the reag	gent to obtain optimal results.			
bdbiosciences.coi	m							
	Canada 388.268.5430	Europe 32.53.720.550	Japan 0120.8555.90	Asia Pacific 65.6861.0633	Latin America/Caribbean 0800.771.7157		B	
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- 2. An isotype control should be used at the same concentration as the antibody of interest.
- 3. Warning: Some APC-Cy7 and PE-Cy7 conjugates show changes in their emission spectrum with prolonged exposure to formaldehyde. If you are unable to analyze fixed samples within four hours, we recommend that you use BD[™] Stabilizing Fixative (Cat. No. 338036).
- 4. This product is subject to proprietary rights of Amersham Biosciences Corp. and Carnegie Mellon University and made and sold under license from Amersham Biosciences Corp. This product is licensed for sale only for research. It is not licensed for any other use. If you require a commercial license to use this product and do not have one return this material, unopened to BD Biosciences, 10975 Torreyana Rd, San Diego, CA 92121 and any money paid for the material will be refunded.
- 5. PE-Cy7 is a tandem fluorochrome composed of R-phycoerythrin (PE), which is excited by 488-nm light and serves as an energy donor, coupled to the cyanine dye Cy7, which acts as an energy acceptor and fluoresces maximally at 780 nm. PE-Cy7 tandem fluorochrome emission is collected in a detector for fluorescence wavelengths of 750 nm and higher. Although every effort is made to minimize the lot-to-lot variation in the efficiency of the fluorochrome energy transfer, differences in the residual emission from PE may be observed. Therefore, we recommend that individual compensation controls be performed for every PE-Cy7 conjugate. PE-Cy7 is optimized for use with a single argon ion laser emitting 488-nm light, and there is no significant overlap between PE-Cy7 and FITC emission spectra. When using dual-laser cytometers, which may directly excite both PE and Cy7, we recommend the use of cross-beam compensation during data acquisition or software compensation during data analysis.
- 6. Cy is a trademark of Amersham Biosciences Limited. This conjugated product is sold under license to the following patents: US Patent Nos. 5,486,616; 5,569,587; 5,569,766; 5,627,027.
- Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.
- 8. Please observe the following precautions: Absorption of visible light can significantly alter the energy transfer occurring in any tandem fluorochrome conjugate; therefore, we recommend that special precautions be taken (such as wrapping vials, tubes, or racks in aluminum foil) to prevent exposure of conjugated reagents, including cells stained with those reagents, to room illumination.
- 9. For fluorochrome spectra and suitable instrument settings, please refer to our Fluorochrome Web Page at www.bdbiosciences.com/colors.
- 10. Please refer to www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/protocols for technical protocols.

References

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