Technical Data Sheet

APC-H7 Mouse Anti-Human CD3

Product Information

Material Number:

Alternate Name: CD3-epsilon; CD3E; Leu4; T-cell surface antigen T3/Leu-4 epsilon chain; T3E

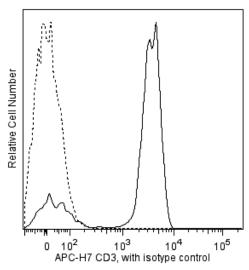
Size Vol. per Test: 5 μl

SK7 (also known as Leu-4) Clone: Human Thymocytes Immunogen: Isotype: Mouse (BALB/c) IgG1, κ Reactivity: QC Testing: Human Workshop: II T118; III T492

Storage Buffer: Aqueous buffered solution containing BSA, protein stabilizer, and ≤0.09%

Description

The SK7 (Leu-4) monoclonal antibody specifically binds to the epsilon chain of the CD3 antigen/T-cell antigen receptor (TCR) complex. This complex is composed of at least six proteins that range in molecular weight from 20 to 30 kDa. The antigen recognized by CD3 antibodies is noncovalently associated with either α/β or γ/δ TCR (70 to 90 kDa). The CD3 antigen is present on 61% to 85% of normal peripheral blood lymphocytes 60% to 85% of thymocytes and on Purkinje cells in cerebellum. The soluble form of this antibody has a mitogenic effect on most peripheral blood T lymphocytes, provided appropriate functional monocytes are present.



Flow cytometric analysis of APC-H7 anti-human CD3 on human lymphocytes. Whole blood was stained with APC-H7 anti-human CD3 (clone SK7) and compared to whole blood stained with a APC-H7 mouse IgG1 isotype control (clone MOPC-21, Cat. No. 560167). The isotype control is represented by a dashed line and the APC-H7 anti-human CD3 by the solid line. Lymphocytes were selected by light scatter. Flow cytometry was performed on a BD™ LSR II flow cytometry system.

Preparation and Storage

Store undiluted at 4°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.

The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography.

The antibody was conjugated with APC-H7 under optimum conditions, and unconjugated antibody and APC-H7 were removed.

Application Notes

Application

Flow cytometry Routinely Tested

Suggested Companion Products

Catalog Number	Name	Size	Clone	
560167	APC-H7 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control	0.1 mg	MOPC-21	
560176	APC-H7 Mouse Anti-Human CD3	100 Tests	SK7	
554656	Stain Buffer (FBS)	500 mL	(none)	
349202	BD FACS™ Lysing Solution	100 mL	(none)	
555899	Lysing Buffer	100 mL	(none)	

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Product Notices

- 1. This reagent has been pre-diluted for use at the recommended Volume per Test. We typically use 1×10^6 cells in a 100- μ l experimental sample (a test).
- 2. BD APC-H7 is a tandem conjugate and an analog of APC-Cy7 with the same spectral properties. It has decreased intensity but it is engineered for greater stability and less spillover in the APC channel and consequently offers better performance than APC-Cy7. It has an absorption maximum of approximately 650 nm. When excited by light from a red laser, the APC fluorochrome can transfer energy to the cyanine dye, which then emits at a longer wavelength. The resulting fluorescent emission maximum is approximately 767 nm. BD recommends that a 750-nm longpass filter be used along with a red-sensitive detector such as the Hamamatsu R3896 PMT. As with APC-Cy7 special filters are required when using APC-H7 in conjunction with APC.
 - Note: Although our APC-H7 products demonstrate higher lot-to lot consistency than other APC tandem conjugate products, and every effort is made to minimize the lot-to-lot variation in residual emission from APC, it is strongly recommended that every lot be tested for differences in the amount of compensation required and that individual compensation controls are run for each APC-H7 conjugate. Note: Cy is a trademark of Amersham Biosciences Limited.
- 3. Although BD APC-H7 is engineered to minimize spillover to the APC channel and is more stable and less affected by light, temperature, and formaldehyde-based fixatives, compared to other APC-cyanine tandem dyes, it is still good practice to minimize as much as possible, any light, temperature and fixative exposure when working with all fluorescent conjugates.
- 4. Source of all serum proteins is from USDA inspected abattoirs located in the United States.
- Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.
- For fluorochrome spectra and suitable instrument settings, please refer to our Multicolor Flow Cytometry web page at www.bdbiosciences.com/colors.
- 7. Please refer to www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/protocols for technical protocols.
- 8. An isotype control should be used at the same concentration as the antibody of interest.

References

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