Technical Data Sheet

APC Rat anti-Mouse CD86

Product Information

Material Number: 558703 Alternate Name: B7-2 0.1 mg Size **Concentration:** 0.2 mg/ml Clone: GL1

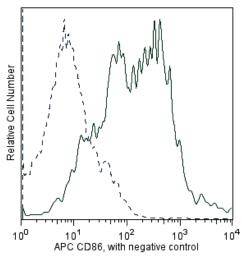
Mouse (CBA/Ca) LPS-activated splenic B Cells Immunogen:

Isotype: Rat (LOU) IgG2a, ĸ Reactivity: QC Testing: Mouse

Storage Buffer: Aqueous buffered solution containing ≤0.09% sodium azide.

Description

The GL1 antibody has been reported to react with the B7-2 (CD86) costimulatory molecule expressed on a broad spectrum of leukocytes, including B lymphocytes, T lymphocytes, thioglycollate-induced peritoneal macrophages, dendritic cells and astrocytes. CD86 is expressed at low levels by freshly explanted peripheral B and T cells, and its expression is substantially increased by a variety of T cell- and B cell-specific stimuli with a peak expression after 18-42 hours of culture. In contrast to most naive CD4+ T cells, memory CD4+ T cells express B7-2, both at the mRNA and protein level. CD86, a ligand for CD28 and CD152 (CTLA-4), is one of the accessory molecules that plays an important role in T cell-B cell costimulatory interactions. It has been shown to be involved in immunoglobulin class-switching and triggering of mouse NK cell-mediated cytotoxicity. CD80 (B7-1) is an alternate ligand for CD28 and CD152 (CTLA-4). GL1 antibody reportedly blocks MLR and stimulation of T cells by natural antigen-presenting cells. In addition, a mixture of anti-B7-1 and anti B7-2 (GL1) mAbs reportedly inhibits the in vitro interaction of CTLA-4 with its ligand and the in vivo priming of cytotoxic T lymphocytes.



Flow cytometric analysis of APC-conjugated anti-mouse CD86 on activated and resting mouse splenocytes. Freshly isolated (dashed line) or 72-hour LPS-stimulated BALB/c splenocytes (solid line) were pretreated with Mouse BD Fc Block™ purified anti-mouse CD16/CD32 mAb 2.4G2 (Cat. No. 553141) and stained with APC-conjugated GL1 mAb (Cat No. 558703). Flow cytometry was performed on a BD FACSCalibur™ System and the histograms were derived from the gated events based on light scattering characteristics of viable splenocytes.

Preparation and Storage

Store undiluted at 4°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.

The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography.

The antibody was conjugated to APC under optimum conditions, and unconjugated antibody and free APC were removed.

Application Notes

Application

Flow cytometry Routinely Tested

Suggested Companion Products

| Catalog Number | Name | Size | Clone |
|----------------|--|--------|--------|
| 553932 | APC Rat IgG2a κ Isotype Control | 0.1 mg | R35-95 |
| 553141 | Purified Rat Anti-Mouse CD16/CD32 (Mouse BD Fc Block TM) | 0.1 mg | 2.4G2 |

Product Notices

1. Since applications vary, each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results.

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- 2. Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.
- 3. This APC-conjugated reagent can be used in any flow cytometer equipped with a dye, HeNe, or red diode laser.
- 4. For fluorochrome spectra and suitable instrument settings, please refer to our Fluorochrome Web Page at www.bdbiosciences.com/colors.
- 5. Please refer to www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/protocols for technical protocols.

References

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