

Technical Data Sheet

Purified Mouse anti-SLP-76 (pY113)

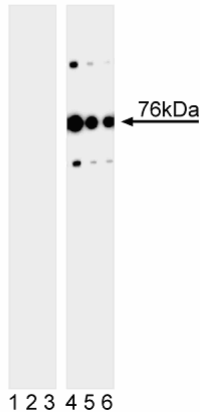
Product Information

Material Number:	558388
Size:	0.1 mg
Concentration:	0.5 mg/ml
Clone:	J80-373
Immunogen:	Phosphorylated Human SLP-76 Peptide
Isotype:	Mouse (BALB/c) IgG1, κ
Reactivity:	QC Testing: Human
Target MW:	76 kDa
Storage Buffer:	Aqueous buffered solution containing ≤0.09% sodium azide.

Description

SLP-76 (SH2 domain-containing Leukocyte Protein of 76 kDa) is a tyrosine phosphoprotein that is involved in the T cell receptor (TCR) -mediated intracellular signaling pathway. It may be involved in the signaling pathways of other peripheral blood leukocytes; thymic/splenic cells; and in human T, B, and monocytic cell lines. SLP-76 consists of several motifs that signify its importance in protein-protein interactions involved in intracellular signaling pathways, such as the SH2 domain in the C-terminus, the three amino-terminus 17-amino acid repeats with conserved tyrosine and acidic residues (DYE(S/P)P), and a proline rich region. SLP-76 has been shown to associate with Gads, Grb2, PLCγ1, SLAP-130, and Vav, all of which are part of the signaling cascade in T lymphocytes. An early event in the T cell activation pathway is the phosphorylation, by the Syk-family kinase ZAP-70, of SLP-76 at the three conserved tyrosine motifs, which then mediate interactions with downstream effectors. The phosphorylated tyrosine 113 (Y113) brings into the signaling complex the Rho-family guanine-nucleotide exchange factor Vav1, which is involved in the formation of a multimolecular assembly that participates in TCR-stimulated actin cytoskeletal rearrangement.

The J80-373 monoclonal antibody recognizes the phosphorylated Y113 of activated SLP-76.



**Western blot analysis of SLP-76 (pY113) in human T leukemia.** Lysates from control (lanes 1-3) and hydrogen peroxide-activated (lanes 4-6) Jurkat cells were probed with purified mouse anti-SLP-76 (pY113) monoclonal antibody at concentrations of 0.0039 (lanes 1 and 4), 0.0019 (lanes 2 and 5), and 0.0010 µg/ml (lanes 3 and 6). SLP-76 (pY113) is identified as a band of 76 kDa in the treated cells.

Preparation and Storage

The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography.  
Store undiluted at 4°C.

Application Notes

Application

Western blot	Routinely Tested
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Suggested Companion Products

Catalog Number	Name	Size	Clone
554002	HRP Goat Anti-Mouse Ig	1.0 ml	(none)

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## Product Notices

1. Since applications vary, each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results.
2. Please refer to [www.bdbiosciences.com/pharming/en/protocols](http://www.bdbiosciences.com/pharming/en/protocols) for technical protocols.
3. Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.

## References

- Fang N, Motto DG, Ross SE, Koretzky GA. Tyrosines 113, 128, and 145 of SLP-76 are required for optimal augmentation of NFAT promoter activity. *J Immunol.* 1996; 157:3769-3773.(Biology)
- Janssen E, Zhang W. Adaptor proteins in lymphocyte activation. *Curr Opin Immunol.* 2003; 15:269-276.(Biology)
- Wu JN, Koretzky GA. The SLP-76 family of adapter proteins. *Semin Immunol.* 2004; 16:379-393.(Biology)