Technical Data Sheet

APC Mouse Anti-Human CD86

Product Information

Material Number:

Alternate Name:

Vol. per Test:

Size:

Clone:

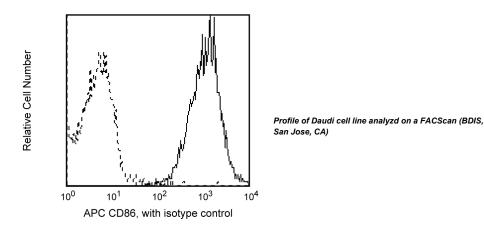
Isotype: Reactivity:

Workshop:

B7.2; B7-2; B-lymphocyte activation antigen B7-2; B70; BU63; CD28LG2; LAB72 100 tests
20 μl
2331 (FUN-1)
Mouse IgG1, κ
QC Testing: Human
V B046, BP126
Aqueous buffered solution containing BSA and ≤0.09% sodium azide.

Storage Buffer: Description

The 2331 (FUN-1) monoclonal antibody specifically recognizes a 75 kDa transmembrane cell surface protein, CD86 (B70/B7-2), expressed primarily on monocytes, dendritic cells and activated B cells. Competitive binding assays demonstrate that, while both 2331 (FUN-1) and IT2.2 (anti-CD86, Cat. No. 555663) antibodies specifically recognize the same molecule, they react with different epitopes. CD86 is the second ligand for CD28 and CTLA-4 and may play an important role in co-stimulation of T cells in primary immune response. The 2331 (FUN-1) antibody blocks the costimulatory activity of CD86 when tested in functional studies.



Preparation and Storage

The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography. The antibody was conjugated to APC under optimum conditions, and unconjugated antibody and free APC were removed. Store undiluted at 4°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.

Application Notes

Application							
Flow cytometry	w cytometry Routinely Tested						
Suggested Compa	nion Products						
Catalog Number	Name	Size	Clone				
555751	APC Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control	100 tests	MOPC-21				
Product Notices							
U	een pre-diluted for use at the recommended Volume per Test. We	typically use 1×10^{6} cells in a 100-	µl experimental				
sample (a test).							
2. Since applications	s vary, each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal	results.					
Please refer to www.	w.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/protocols for technical protocols	i.					
4. Caution: Sodium a	azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Di	lute azide compounds in running wat	ter before				
discarding to avoi	d accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.						

BD Biosciences

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5. Source of all serum proteins is from USDA inspected abattoirs located in the United States.

References Azuma H, Uno Y, Shigekiyo T, Saito S. Congenital plasminogen deficiency caused by a Ser572 to Pro mutation. *Blood.* 1993; 82(2):475-480. (Biology) Engel P, Gribben JG, Freeman GJ, et al. The B7-2 (B70) costimulatory molecule expressed by monocytes and activated B lymphocytes is the CD86 differentiation antigen. Blood. 1994; 84(5):1402-1407. (Biology)

Engel P, Wagner N, Zhou L, et al. CD86 Workshop Report. In: Schlossman SF, Boumsell L, Gilks W, et al, ed. Leukocyte Typing V: White Cell Differentiation Antigens. New York: Oxford University Press; 1995. (Clone-specific)

Nozawa Y, Wachi E, Tominaga K, Abe M, Wakasa H. A novel monoclonal antibody (FUN-1) identifies an activation antigen in cells of the B-cell lineage and Reed-Sternberg cells. *J Pathol*. 1993; 169(3):309-315. (Clone-specific) Yang XF, Chen Z, Wormsley SB. Nashville: American Society of Hematology; 1994. (Clone-specific)