## Technical Data Sheet

## Purified Mouse Anti-Rat IgE

## Product Information

| Material Number: | $\mathbf{5 5 3 9 1 4}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Size: | 0.5 mg |
| Concentration: | $0.5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{ml}$ |
| Clone: | B41-1 |
| Immunogen: | Pooled rat IgE |
| Isotype: | Mouse (BALB/c) IgG1, $\kappa$ |
| Reactivity: | QC Testing: Rat |
|  | Lack of Reactivity Confirmed in Development: Rabbit, Hamster, Guinea Pig, |
|  | Human |

## Storage Buffer:

Aqueous buffered solution containing $\leq 0.09 \%$ sodium azide.

## Description

The B41-1 antibody reacts specifically with rat IgE. It does not react with other rat Ig isotypes, nor with rabbit, hamster, guinea pig, or human immunoglobulins.

## Preparation and Storage

The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography.
Store undiluted at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## Application Notes

Application

| ELISA | Routinely Tested |
| :--- | :--- |

Recommended Assay Procedure:
For the sandwich rat IgE ELISA, purified B41-1 mAb is optimal for capture with biotinylated B41-3 mAB (Cat. no. 553916) for detection.

## Suggested Companion Products

| Catalog Number | Name | Size | Clone |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Biotin Mouse Anti-Rat IgE | 0.5 mg | B41-3 |

## Product Notices

1. Since applications vary, each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results.
2. Please refer to www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/protocols for technical protocols.
3. Sodium azide is a reversible inhibitor of oxidative metabolism; therefore, antibody preparations containing this preservative agent must not be used in cell cultures nor injected into animals. Sodium azide may be removed by washing stained cells or plate-bound antibody or dialyzing soluble antibody in sodium azide-free buffer. Since endotoxin may also affect the results of functional studies, we recommend the NA/LE (No Azide/Low Endotoxin) antibody format, if available, for in vitro and in vivo use.
4. Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.

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