# **Technical Data Sheet**

# Purified Mouse IgE, k Isotype Standard

**Product Information** 

553481 **Material Number:** 

5-dimethylaminonapthalene-1-sulfonyl (dansyl) Alternate Name:

0.5 mg Size: 0.5 mg/mlConcentration: 27-74 Clone:

Mouse (C.SW) IgE, κ Isotype:

Aqueous buffered solution containing ≤0.09% sodium azide. Storage Buffer:

Description

The 27-74 antibody is specific for the hapten 5-dimethylaminonapthalene-1-sulfonyl (dansyl).

# **Preparation and Storage**

The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography. Store undiluted at 4° C.

# **Application Notes**

Application

ELISA Standard	Routinely Tested

#### **Recommended Assay Procedure:**

Clone 27-74 is useful as a standard in ELISA. Please refer to the Mouse IgE ELISA Protocol below.

# MOUSE IgE ELISA PROTOCOL

# Coat with Capture Antibody:

- 1. Dilute the purified anti-mouse IgE capture mAb (Cat. No. 553413, clone R35-72) to 2 μg/ml in coating buffer.\* Add 100 μl per well to an enhanced protein-binding ELISA plate (e.g., BD Falcon™ ELISA Plates, BD Labware Cat. No. 353279).
- Shake plate to ensure all wells are covered by capture antibody solution.
- 3. Cover the plate and incubate for 1 hour at 37°C or overnight at 4°C.
- Wash the plate 3X with PBS/Tween\*. For each wash, wells are filled with 200 µl PBS/Tween and allowed to stand at least 1 minute prior to aspirating or dumping. As a final step, tap plate on paper towels to remove excess buffer.

# **Blocking:**

- Block the plate with 200 µl blocking buffer\* per well.
- Cover the plate and incubate at room temperature for 30 minutes.
- Wash the plate 3X with PBS/Tween, as in Section I, Step 4, of this protocol.

# **Apply Standards and Samples:**

- 1. Leave column 1 as blank wells (i.e., no antigen added, 100 µl per well blocking buffer only). Use columns 2 and 3 for duplicates of the standard, 100 µl per well: dilute purified mouse IgE standard (Cat. No. 557079, clone C38-2; or Cat. No. 553481, clone 27-74) or mouse IgE standard (Cat. No. 557080, clone C48-2) in a series of 8 two-fold dilutions, in blocking buffer, starting at 0.5 µg/ml. Use the remaining columns to add samples at various dilutions in blocking buffer, 100 µl per well.
- Cover the plate and incubate for at least 1 hour at room temperature or overnight at 4°C.
- Wash the plate 3X with PBS/Tween, as in Section I, Step 4, of this protocol.

#### **Incubation with Detection Antibody:**

- Dilute biotinylated anti-mouse IgE (Cat. No. 553419, clone R35-118) to 2 µg/ml in blocking buffer. Add 100 µl per well.
- Cover the plate and incubate at room temperature for 1 hour.
- Wash the plate 6X with PBS/Tween, as in Section I, Step 4, of this protocol.

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#### Add Avidin- or Streptavidin-Horseradish Peroxidase (Av-HRP or SAv-HRP):

- Dilute Av-HRP (Cat. No. 554058) or SAv-HRP (Cat. No. 554066) 1:1000 in blocking buffer. Add 100 µl per well.
- Cover the plate and incubate at room temperature for 30 minutes.
- Wash the plate 6X with PBS/Tween, as in Section I, Step 4, of this protocol.

#### Add Substrate and Develop:

- 1. Thaw substrate (ABTS) buffer\* within 20 minutes of use. Add 11 µl of 30% H 2O2 (Sigma, Cat. No. H1009) to 11 ml substrate buffer and vortex. Immediately add 100 µl per well and allow to develop at room temperature for 20 - 30 minutes. Color reaction can be stopped by adding 50µl per well of SDS/DMF Solution\* (optional).
- 2. Read the plate at 405 nm.

### \*SOLUTIONS

Coating Buffer	PBS/Tween	Substrate Buffer
PBS, pH 7.2 - 7.4	PBS	ABTS (3-ethylbenzthiazoline-6-sulfonic acid, Sigma Cat. No. A-1888) 150 mg
	Tween-20 0.05%	0.1 M citric acid (eg, Fisher anhydrous, Cat. No. A-940) 500 ml
		Adjust pH to 4.35 with NaOH pellets
		Aliquot at 11 ml per vial and store at -20°C
PBS Solution	<b>Blocking Buffer</b>	
NaCl 80.0 g	PBS	
Na2HPO4 11.6 g	Fetal calf serum 10%	SDS/DMF Solution
KH2PO4 2.0 g	or BSA 1%	40% SDS (80 g SDS in 200 ml dd H2O)
KCl 2.0 g		Add 200 ml DMF (N.N-dimethyl formamide)
ddH2O to 10 liter		
Adjust pH to 7.2 - 7.4		

- a. In most cases, coating the plate with primary mAb at 2 µg/ml, 100 µl per well and detecting with the biotinylated secondary mAb at 2 µg/ml, 100 µl per well yields a very satisfactory signal. However, for optimal signal, researchers should titrate each mAb over a range of concentrations (eg, 1 -  $8 \mu g/ml$ ).
- b. Recommended incubation conditions for optimal sensitivity.
- c. Streptavidin/Avidin-HRP conjugate from another supplier may be substituted and diluted according to the manufacturer's recommendation.

# **Suggested Companion Products**

Catalog Number	Name	Size	Clone	
553413	Purified Rat Anti-Mouse IgE	0.5 mg	R35-72	
553419	Biotin Rat Anti-Mouse IgE	0.5 mg	R35-118	
554066	Streptavidin HRP	1.0 ml	(none)	

# **Product Notices**

- Since applications vary, each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results.
- 2. Please refer to www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/protocols for technical protocols.
- Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.
- Sodium azide is a reversible inhibitor of oxidative metabolism; therefore, antibody preparations containing this preservative agent must not be used in cell cultures nor injected into animals. Sodium azide may be removed by washing stained cells or plate-bound antibody or dialyzing soluble antibody in sodium azide-free buffer. Since endotoxin may also affect the results of functional studies, we recommend the NA/LE™ (No Azide/Low Endotoxin) antibody format, if available, for in vitro and in vivo use.

#### References

Dangl JL, Parks DR, Oi VT, Herzenberg LA. Rapid isolation of cloned isotype switch variants using fluorescence activated cell sorting. Cytometry. 1982; 2(6):395-401.(Immunogen)

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