

## Technical Data Sheet

## FITC Hamster Anti-Mouse CD3e

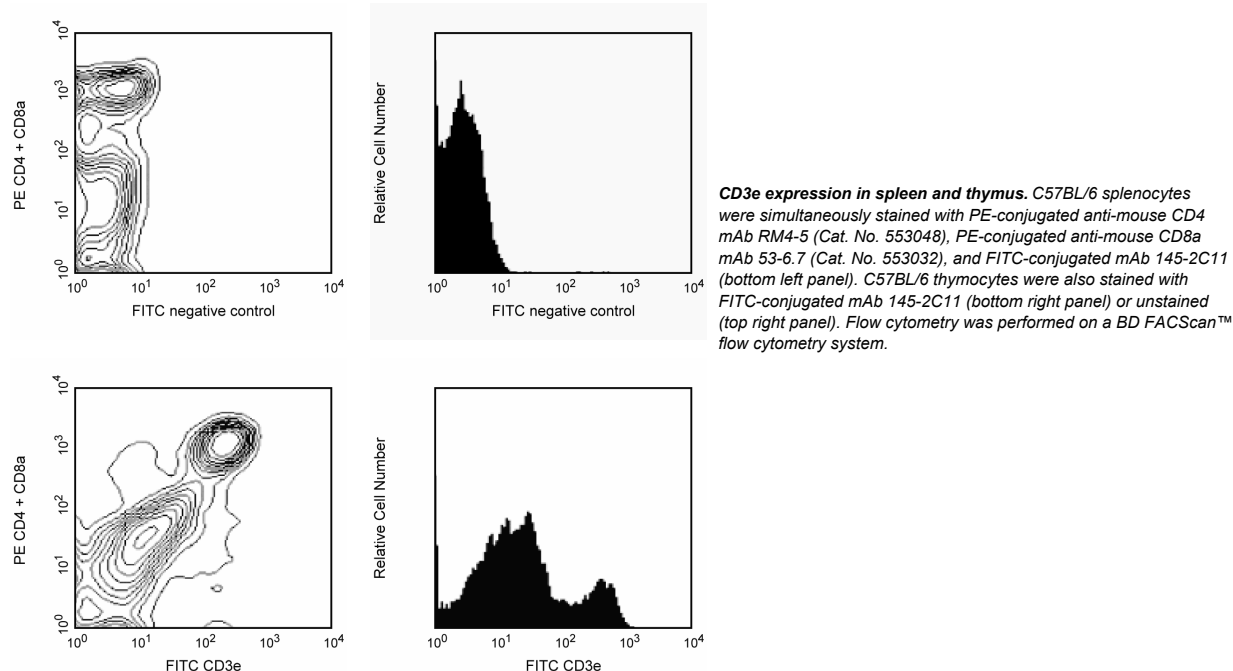
## Product Information

<b>Material Number:</b>	553062
<b>Alternate Name:</b>	CD3ε chain
<b>Size:</b>	0.5 mg
<b>Concentration:</b>	0.5 mg/ml
<b>Clone:</b>	145-2C11
<b>Immunogen:</b>	H-2Kb specific cytotoxic T lymphocyte clone BM10-37
<b>Isotype:</b>	Armenian Hamster IgG1, κ
<b>Reactivity:</b>	QC Testing: Mouse
<b>Storage Buffer:</b>	Aqueous buffered solution containing ≤0.09% sodium azide.

## Description

The 145-2C11 antibody reacts with the 25-kDa ε chain of the T-cell receptor-associated CD3 complex, which is expressed on thymocytes, mature T lymphocytes, and NK-T cells. The cytoplasmic domain of CD3ε participates in the signal transduction events which activate several cellular biochemical pathways as a result of antigen recognition. Soluble 145-2C11 antibody can activate either unprimed (naive) or primed (memory/preactivated) T cells in vivo or in vitro, in the presence of Fc receptor-bearing accessory cells. In contrast, plate-bound 145-2C11 can activate T cells in the absence of accessory cells. Soluble 145-2C11 antibody has been reported to induce re-directed lysis of Fc receptor-bearing target cells by CTL clones and can also block lysis of specific target cells by antigen-specific CTL's. Under some conditions, T-cell activation by 145-2C11 antibody has been reported to result in apoptotic cell death. The 145-2C11 antibody does not cross-react with rat leukocytes and it has been reported that pre-incubation of thymus cell suspensions at 37°C for 2-4 hours prior to staining enhances the ability of anti-CD3ε and anti-αβ TCR mAbs to detect the T-cell receptor on immature thymocytes.

This antibody is routinely tested by flow cytometric analysis. Other applications were tested at BD Biosciences Pharmingen during antibody development only or reported in the literature.



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## Preparation and Storage

The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography.

The antibody was conjugated with FITC under optimum conditions, and unreacted FITC was removed.

Store undiluted at 4° C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.

## Application Notes

### Application

Flow cytometry	Routinely Tested
Fluorescence microscopy	Reported

## Suggested Companion Products

Catalog Number	Name	Size	Clone
553971	FITC Hamster IgG1 $\kappa$ Isotype Control	0.25 mg	A19-3
553032	PE Rat Anti-Mouse CD8a	0.1 mg	53-6.7
553048	PE Rat Anti-Mouse CD4	0.1 mg	RM4-5

## Product Notices

1. Since applications vary, each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results.
2. Please refer to [www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/protocols](http://www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/protocols) for technical protocols.
3. Although hamster immunoglobulin isotypes have not been well defined, BD Biosciences Pharmingen has grouped Armenian and Syrian hamster IgG monoclonal antibodies according to their reactivity with a panel of mouse anti-hamster IgG mAbs. A table of the hamster IgG groups, Reactivity of Mouse Anti-Hamster Ig mAbs, may be viewed at [http://www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/hamster\\_chart\\_11x17.pdf](http://www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/hamster_chart_11x17.pdf).
4. Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.

## References

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