## **Technical Data Sheet**

# Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 647 Hamster Anti-Rat CD29

#### **Product Information**

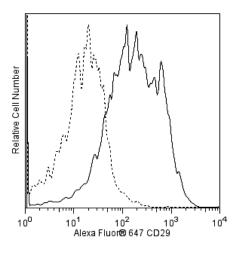
| Material Number:      |
|-----------------------|
| Alternate Name:       |
| Size:                 |
| <b>Concentration:</b> |
| Clone:                |
| Immunogen:            |
| Isotype:              |
| Reactivity:           |
| Storage Buffer:       |

562153 Itgb1; Integrin β1 chain; Integrin beta-1; VLA-4 subunit beta 50 µg 0.2 mg/ml Ha2/5 Rat glomerular epithelial cells Armenian Hamster IgM, ĸ QC Testing: Rat

Aqueous buffered solution containing protein stabilizer and ≤0.09% sodium azide.

#### Description

The Ha2/5 monoclonal antibody specifically binds to the 130 kDa integrin β1 chain (CD29). CD29 is expressed on the cell surface as a heterodimer with one of the distinct integrin a chains. With a1 through a6 (CD49a through CD49f), it forms the VLA-1 through VLA-6 complexes, respectively, and with  $\alpha V$  (CD51), it forms  $\alpha V\beta 1$  integrin. As a result, CD29 has a broad tissue distribution, including lymphocytes, endothelia, smooth muscle, and epithelia. The Ha2/5 hamster anti-rat CD29 monoclonal antibody cross-reacts with mouse thymocytes, splenocytes, and peripheral lymph node leukocytes. The Ha2/5 antibody blocks in vitro adhesion of CD29-expressing cells to collagen.



Flow cytometric analysis of CD29 expressed on rat splenocytes. Lewis rat splenocytes were stained with either Alexa Fluor® 647 Armenian Hamster IgM, λ1 Isotype Control (Cat. No. 562110, dashed line histogram) or an Alexa Fluor® 647 Hamster Anti-Rat CD29 antibody (Cat. No. 562153, solid line histogram). Flow cytometric fluorescence histograms were derived from gated events based on forward and side light-scatter characteristics of viable splenocytes. Flow cytometry was performed using a BD™ LSR II Flow Cytometer System.

#### **Preparation and Storage**

Store undiluted at 4°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.

The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography.

The antibody was conjugated to Alexa Fluor® 647 under optimum conditions, and unreacted Alexa Fluor® 647 was removed.

#### **Application Notes**

| Application  |   |        |        |
|--|---|--------|--------|
| Flow cytometry   | Routinely Tested  |        |        |
| Suggested Compa  | nion Products   |        |        |
| Catalog Number   | Name  | Size   | Clone  |
| 562110   | Alexa Fluor® 647 Hamster IgM, λ1 Isotype Control  | 0.1 mg | G235-1 |
| 554656   | Stain Buffer (FBS)  | 500 ml | (none) |
| <b>BD Biosciences</b>  |   |        |        |
| bdbiosciences.com  |   |        |        |
| United States Canada<br>877.232.8995 888.268.543<br>For country-specific contact | Europe Japan Asia Pacific Latin America/Caribbean<br>30 32.53.720.550 0120.8555.90 65.6861.0633 0800.771.7157<br>information, visit bdbiosciences.com/how_to_order/   |        |        |
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### **Product Notices**

- 1. Since applications vary, each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results.
- 2. An isotype control should be used at the same concentration as the antibody of interest.
- 3. Please refer to www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/protocols for technical protocols.
- 4. The Alexa Fluor®, Pacific Blue™, and Cascade Blue® dye antibody conjugates in this product are sold under license from Molecular Probes, Inc. for research use only, excluding use in combination with microarrays, or as analyte specific reagents. The Alexa Fluor® dyes (except for Alexa Fluor® 430), Pacific Blue™ dye, and Cascade Blue® dye are covered by pending and issued patents.
- 5. Alexa Fluor® is a registered trademark of Molecular Probes, Inc., Eugene, OR.
- 6. Alexa Fluor® 647 fluorochrome emission is collected at the same instrument settings as for allophycocyanin (APC).
- 7. Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.
- 8. For fluorochrome spectra and suitable instrument settings, please refer to our Fluorochrome Web Page at www.bdbiosciences.com/colors.
- 9. Although hamster immunoglobulin isotypes have not been well defined, BD Biosciences Pharmingen has grouped Armenian and Syrian hamster IgG monoclonal antibodies according to their reactivity with a panel of mouse anti-hamster IgG mAbs. A table of the hamster IgG groups, Reactivity of Mouse Anti-Hamster Ig mAbs, may be viewed at http://www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/hamster chart 11x17.pdf.

#### References

Mendrick DL, Kelly DM. Temporal expression of VLA-2 and modulation of its ligand specificity by rat glomerular epithelial cells in vitro. Lab Invest. 1993; 69(6):690-702. (Immunogen)

Springer TA. Adhesion receptors of the immune system. Nature. 1990; 346(6283):425-434. (Biology)