

Caldesmon-1 (D5C8D) XP® Rabbit mAb



- ☐ Small 100 µl
(10 western blots)
- ☐ Petite 40 µl
(4 western blots)

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For Research Use Only. Not For Use In Diagnostic Procedures.

Entrez-Gene ID #800
Swiss-Prot Acc. #Q05682

Applications W, IP, IF-IC Endogenous	Species Cross-Reactivity* H, M, R, Mk	Molecular Wt. 70-80 non-muscle, 120-150 smooth muscle	Isotype Rabbit IgG**
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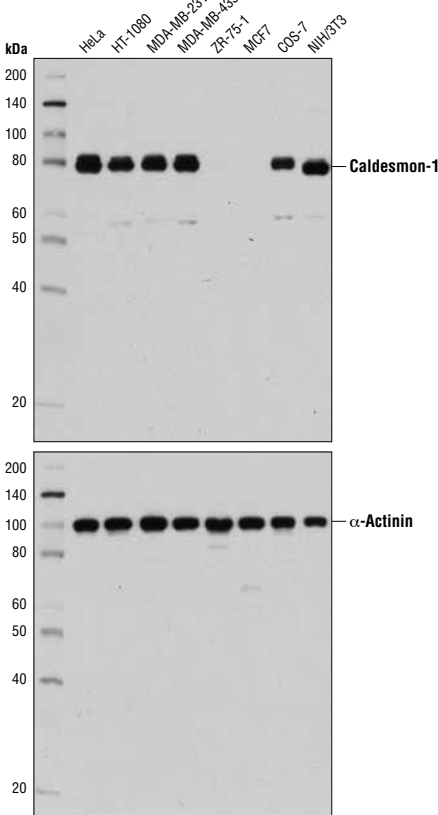
Background: Caldesmon-1 is an actin filament stabilizing protein involved in the regulation of cell contraction. Binding of caldesmon-1 to actin is weakened by phosphorylation and by calmodulin in the presence of calcium. Caldesmon-1 is encoded by a single gene, which is spliced to generate a widely distributed low molecular weight form and a smooth muscle specific high molecular weight form (1,2). Caldesmon-1 is phosphorylated by the cyclin dependent kinase cdc2 and Erk1/2 MAP kinase, both of which prevent the activity of caldesmon-1 (3-5). Phosphorylation of caldesmon-1 by cdc2 is required for passage of cells through mitosis (6). Phosphorylation by Erk1/2 is important in regulating smooth muscle contraction (7). Caldesmon-1 activity may play a role in the formation of podosomes, adhesion complexes associated with the secretion of matrix metalloproteases, invasion, and metastasis (reviewed in 5).

Specificity/Sensitivity: Caldesmon-1 (D5C8D) XP® Rabbit mAb recognizes endogenous levels of total caldesmon-1 protein. Based on sequence homology, the antibody is expected to cross-react with both the smooth muscle and nonmuscle isoforms.

Source/Purification: Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues near the carboxy terminus of human caldesmon-1 protein.

Background References:

- (1) Hayashi, K. et al. (1992) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 89, 12122-12126.
- (2) Humphrey, M.B. et al. (1992) *Gene* 112, 197-204.
- (3) Yamashiro, S. et al. (1991) *Nature* 349, 169-172.
- (4) Mak, A.S. et al. (1991) *J. Biol. Chem.* 266, 6678-6681.
- (5) Hai, C.M. and Gu, Z. (2006) *Eur. J. Cell Biol.* 85, 305-309.
- (6) Yamashiro, S. et al. (2001) *Mol. Biol. Cell* 12, 239-250.
- (7) Hedges, J.C. et al. (2000) *Am. J. Physiol. Cell Physiol.* 278, C718-C7126.



Western blot analysis of extracts from various cell lines using Caldesmon-1 (D5C8D) XP® Rabbit mAb (upper) or α-Actinin (D6F6) XP® Rabbit mAb #6487 (lower).

Storage: Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at -20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.

***Species cross-reactivity is determined by western blot.**

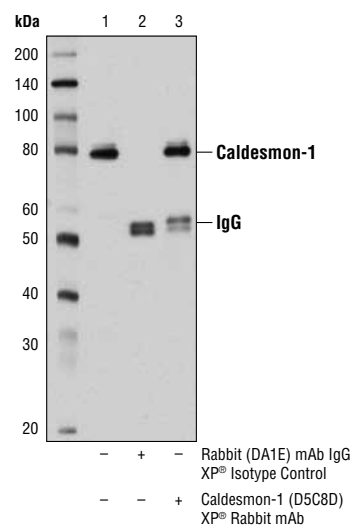
****Anti-rabbit secondary antibodies must be used to detect this antibody.**

Recommended Antibody Dilutions:

Western blotting	1:1000
Immunoprecipitation	1:50
Immunofluorescence (IF-IC)	1:200

For product specific protocols please see the web page for this product at www.cellsignaling.com.

Please visit www.cellsignaling.com for a complete listing of recommended complementary products.



Immunoprecipitation of caldesmon-1 from HeLa cell extracts using Rabbit (DA1E) mAb IgG XP® Isotype Control #3900 (lane 2) or Caldesmon-1 (D5C8D) XP® Rabbit mAb (lane 3). Lane 1 is 10% input. Western blot analysis was performed using Caldesmon-1 (D5C8D) XP® Rabbit mAb.

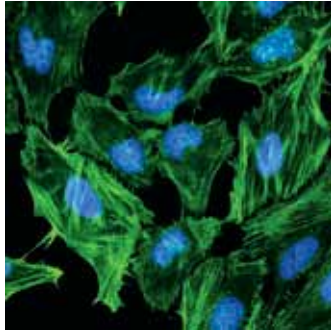
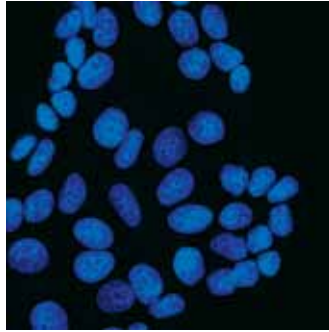
IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted antibody in 5% w/v nonfat dry milk, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween-20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

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Applications Key: W—Western IP—Immunoprecipitation IHC—Immunohistochemistry ChIP—Chromatin Immunoprecipitation IF—Immunofluorescence F—Flow cytometry E-P—ELISA-Peptide

Species Cross-Reactivity Key: H—human M—mouse R—rat Hm—hamster Mk—monkey Mi—mink C—chicken Dm—D. melanogaster X—Xenopus Z—zebrafish B—bovine

Dg—dog Pg—pig Sc—S. cerevisiae Ce—C. elegans Hr—horse All—all species expected Species enclosed in parentheses are predicted to react based on 100% homology.

HeLa**MCF7**

Confocal immunofluorescent analysis of HeLa (left) and MCF7 (right) cells using Caldesmon-1 (D5C8D) XP[®] Rabbit mAb (green). Blue pseudocolor = DRAQ5[®] #4084 (fluorescent DNA dye).