

Human IL-28A/IFN-λ2 Antibody

Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Goat IgG Catalog Number: AF1587

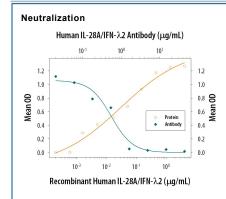
DESCRIPTION			
Species Reactivity	Human		
Specificity	Detects human IL-28A/IFN-λ2 in direct ELISAs and Western blots. In direct ELISAs and Western blots, approximately 60% cross-reactivity with human IL-28B/IFN-λ3 is observed. In direct ELISAs, approximately 30% cross-reactivity with recombinant human IL-29 and less than 5% cross-reactivity with recombinant mouse IL-28 is observed.		
Source	Polyclonal Goat IgG		
Purification	Antigen Affinity-purified		
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant human IL-28A/IFN-λ2 Val26-Val200 Accession # Q8IZJ0		
Endotoxin Level	<0.10 EU per 1 µg of the antibody by the LAL method.		
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details.		

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Western Blot	0.1 μg/mL	Recombinant Human IL-28A/IFN-λ2 (Catalog # 1587-IL)
Immunocytochemistry	5-15 μg/mL	Immersion fixed human peripheral blood mononuclear cells
Neutralization	Measured by its ability to neutralize IL-28A/IFN-λ2 inhibition of EMCV-induced cytopathy in the HepG2 human hepatocellular carcinoma cell line. Sheppard, P. <i>et al.</i> (2003) Nat. Immunol. 4 :63. The Neutralization Dose (ND ₅₀) is typically 0.3-1.5 μg/mL in the presence of 0.1 μg/mL Recombinant Human IL-28A/IFN-λ2.	

DATA



EMCV-induced Cytopathy and Neutralization by Human IL-28A/IFN-λ 2 Antibody. Recombinant Human IL-28A/ IFN-A2 (Catalog # 1587-IL) reduces the Encephalomyocarditis Virus (EMCV)-induced cytopathy in the HepG2 human hepatocellular carcinoma cell line in a dose-dependent manner (orange line), as measured by crystal violet staining. Inhibition of EMCV activity elicited by Recombinant Human IL-28A/IFN-λ2 (0.1 µg/mL) is

neutralized (green line) by increasing concentrations of Goat Anti-Human IL-28A/IFN-\(\lambda\)2 Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog \(\pmu\)AF1587). The ND \(\mu\) s is typically 0.3-1.5 \(\mu\)g/mL.

IL-28A/IFN-λ 2 Inhibition of

PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Reconstitution
Reconstitute at 0.2 mg/mL in sterile PBS.

Shipping
The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

Stability & Storage
Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.

1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.





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BACKGROUND

IL-28A, IL-28B, and IL-29, also named interferon λ2 (IFN λ2), IFN λ3, and IFN λ1, respectively, are class II cytokine receptor ligands that are distantly related to members of the IL-10 family (11-13% aa sequence identity) and type I IFN family (15-19% aa sequence identity) (1-3). The genes encoding these three cytokines are localized to chromosome 19 and each is composed of multiple exons. The exon organization of these genes is also found in the IL-10 family genes but is distinct from the type I IFNs, which are encoded within a single exon, The expression of IL-28A, B, and IL-29 is induced by virus infection or double-stranded RNA. All three cytokines exert bioactivities that overlap those of type I IFNs, including anti-viral activity and up-regulation of MHC class I antigen expression. The three proteins signal through the same heterodimeric receptor complex that is composed of the IL-10 receptor β (IL-10 Rβ) and a novel IL-28 receptor α (IL-28 Rα, also known as IFN λ R1). Ligand binding to the receptor complex that is composed of the IL-10 receptor β (IL-10 Rβ) and a novel IL-28 receptor α (IL-28 Rα, also known as IFN λ R1). Ligand binding to the receptor complex that is composed of the IFN-stimulated regulatory factor 3 (ISGF-3) transcription factor complex that is translocated to the nucleus. ISGF-3 binds to the IFN-stimulated response element (ISRE) present in the regulatory regions of the target genes. Human IL-28A cDNA encodes a 200 amino acid (aa) residue precursor protein with a putative 25 aa signal peptide. It shares 94% and 67% aa sequence identity with human IL-28B and human IL-29, respectively.

References:

- 1. Vilcek, J. (2003) Nature Immunol. 4:8.
- 2. Sheppard, P. et al. (2003) Nature Immunol. 4:63.
- 3. Kotenko, S.V. et al. (2003) Nature Immunol. 4:69.

