

Recombinant Feline IL-1β/IL-1F2

Catalog Number: 1796-FL

| Source | E. coli-derived Ala116-Ser267 Accession # P41687.1 |
|---------------------------------|--|
| N-terminal Sequence Analysis | Ala116 |
| Predicted Molecular Mass | 17 kDa |
| SPECIFICATIONS | |
| Activity | Measured in a cell proliferation assay using D10.G4.1 mouse helper T cells. Symons, J.A. <i>et al.</i> (1987) in Lymphokines and Interferons, a Practical Approach. Clemens, M.J. <i>et al.</i> (eds): IRL Press. 272. The ED ₅₀ for this effect is typically 2.5-10 pg/mL. |
| Endotoxin Level | <1.0 EU per 1 µg of the protein by the LAL method. |
| Purity | >97%, by SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions and visualized by silver stain. |
| | Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with BSA as a carrier protein. See Certificate of Analysis for details. |

BACKGROUND

Stability & Storage

Shipping

DESCRIPTION

IL-1 is a name that designates two pleiotropic cytokines, IL-1α (IL-1F1) and IL-1β (IL-1F2), which are the products of distinct genes. IL-1α and IL-1β are structurally related polypeptides that share approximately 27% amino acid (aa) identity in feline. Both proteins are produced by a wide variety of cells in response to inflammatory agents, infections, or microbial endotoxins. While IL-1α and IL-1β are regulated independently, they bind to the same receptor and exert identical biological effects. IL-1 RI binds directly to IL-1α or IL-1β and then associates with the IL-1 R accessory protein (IL-1 R3/IL-1 R AcP) to form a high-affinity receptor complex that is competent for signal transduction. IL-1 RII has high affinity for IL-1β but functions as a decoy receptor and negative regulator of IL-1β activity. IL-1ra functions as a competitive antagonist by preventing IL-1α and IL-1β from interacting with IL-1 RI (1 - 4). The feline IL-1β cDNA encodes a 267 aa precursor. A 115 aa propeptide is cleaved intracellularly by the cysteine protease IL-1β-converting enzyme (Caspase-1/ICE) to generate the active cytokine (5, 6). The 17 kDa mature feline IL-1β shares 63% - 78% aa sequence identity with canine, cotton rat, equine, human, mouse, porcine, rat, and rhesus IL-1β.

The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze+haw cycles.

12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.

1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

References:

- 1. Allan, S.M. et al. (2005) Nat. Rev. Immunol. 5:629.
- 2. Boraschi, D. and A. Tagliabue (2006) Vitam. Horm. 74:229.
- 3. Kornman, K.S. (2006) Am. J. Clin. Nutr. 83:475S.
- 4. Isoda, K. and F. Ohsuzu (2006) J. Atheroscler. Thromb. 13:21.
- Accession # AAA30814.
- 6. Martinon, F. and J. Tschopp (2007) Cell Death Differ. 14:10.

