

Product Data Sheet

Purified anti-p53-Acetylated (Lys382)

Catalog # / Size: 614201 / 50 µl (5 Western blots)

614202 / 200 µl (20 Western blots)

Clone: Poly6142 Isotype: Rabbit IgG Immunogen: Modified peptide

Reactivity: Human, reacts against Lys382-acetylated p53

Preparation: The antibody was purified by antigen-affinity chromatography.

Formulation: This antibody is provided in phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing

0.09% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.

Storage: Upon receipt, store frozen at -20° C.

Applications:

Applications: WB - Quality tested

Recommended Usage: Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by Western blotting. Western blotting, suggested working dilution(s): Use 10 μl per 5 ml antibody dilution

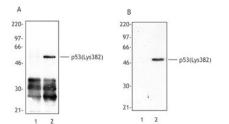
buffer for each mini-gel. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for

optimal performance for each application.

Application References: 1. Wang, et al. 2003. J. Biol. Chem. 278:25568

2. van Leeuwen IM, et al. 2013. Mol Cancer Ther. 12:471. PubMed.

3. McCarthy AR, et al. 2013. Mol Cancer ther. 12:352. PubMed.



MCF-7 cells were treated with 50 µM sodium butyrate and 2 nM actinomycin D for 8 hrs. MCF7 cell extract was resolved by electrophoresis (panel B) or immunoprecipitated with a p53 monoclonal (panel A) and resolved by electrophoresis. Proteins were transferred to nitrocellulose, and probed with rabbit polyclonal antibody against acetylated p53 (Lys382). Lane 1=untreated, control MCF-7 cells; Lane 2=treated MCF-7 cells. Proteins were visualized using a donkey anti-rabbit secondary conjugated to HRP and a chemiluminescence detection system.

Annlination

Description: p53 is a 53 kD protein that forms tetramers and functions as a tumor suppressor and transcriptional activator of genes that inhibit growth and/or invasion, cell cycle checkpoint after irradiation, DNA repair, apoptotic induction, signal transduction, and cell adhesion. This protein is localized to the nucleus when activated and can be upregulated by genotoxic or other cellular stresses. p53 is modified by phosphorylation, acetylation, ribosylation, ubiquitination, and sumoylation; ubiquination targets p53 for degradation via mdm2. This protein interacts with a variety of proteins including mdm2, mdmx, topoisomerase I, PML3, Bcl-X_L, Bcl-2, Chk1, JNK, p38, HIPK2, CK2, DNA-PK, p300/CBP, PCAF, PARP1, and HDAC1-3. Mutant p53 associates with p63 and p73. The Poly6142 antibody recognizes human acetylated p53 (Lys382) and has been shown to be useful for Western blotting.

- Antigen References: 1. Vogelstein B, et al. 1992. Cell 70:523. 2. Shieh S, et al. 1997. Cell 91:325.
 - 3. Mihara M, et al. 2003. Mol. Cell 11:577.
 - 4. Saito S, et al. 2003. J. Biol. Chem. 278:37536.

Related Products: Product

Product	Cione	Application
Purified anti-DNA-PKcs Phosphorylated (Thr2609)	10B1	IF, WB
Purified anti-DNA-PKcs	7A4	IF, WB
Purified anti-DNA-PKcs Phosphorylated (Thr2609)	7G4	IHC, WB
Purified anti-Topo I	Poly6058	WB
Purified anti-CBP	Poly6063	IF, WB
Purified anti-CBP	Poly6064	WB
Purified anti-p300	Poly6093	WB
Purified anti-DNA-PKcs	Poly6126	WB
Purified anti-p53	Poly6140	WB
Purified anti-p53-Acetylated (Lys305)	Poly6141	WB
Purified anti-p63 (TA)	Poly6189	WB
Purified anti-p63 (ΔN)	Poly6190	WB, IF
HRP Donkey anti-rabbit IgG (minimal x-reactivity)	Poly4064	ELIŜA, IHC, WB

