

Product Data Sheet

PE anti-human CD158e1 (KIR3DL1, NKB1)

Catalog # / Size: 312707 / 25 tests

312708 / 100 tests

Clone: DX9

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, κ

Immunogen: Human NK cell clone VL186-1.6

Reactivity: Human

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography, and conjugated with

PE under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated PE and

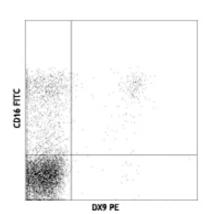
unconjugated antibody.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Storage: The antibody solution should be stored undiluted at 4°C and protected from

prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes stained with DX9 PE and CD16 FITC

Applications:

Applications: FC - Quality tested

Recommended Usage: Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. Test size products are transitioning from 20 μl to 5 μl per test. Please check your vial or your CoA to find the

suggested use of this reagent per million cells in 100 µl staining volume or per 100 µl of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application. Read more at

www.biolegend.com/testsize regarding the test size change.

Application Notes: The DX9 antibody reacts with the KIR (killer cell inhibitory receptor) designated NKB1 or KIR3DL1. Additional

reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: immunoprecipitation¹ and restoring the NK cell cytotoxicity^{4,8}. The LEAF™ purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/μg, Azide-Free, 0.2 μm filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 312710).

Application References: 1. Litwin V, et al. 1994. J. Exp. Med. 180:537. (IP)

 Gumperz J, et al. 1996. J. Exp. Med. 183:1817.
Gardiner CM, et al. 2001. J. Immunol. 166:2992. 4. Bakker ABH, et al. 1998. J. Immunol. 160:5239.

5. Goodier M, et al. 2000. J. Immunol. 165:139.

6. Kirwan SE and Burshtyn DN. 2005. J. Immunol. 175:5006. (FC)

7. Yawata M, et al. 2002. Immunogenetics 54:543.

8. Valiante NM, *et al.* 1997. *Immunity* 7:739. 9. Pascal V, *et al.* 2007. *J. Immunol.* 179:1625. (FC) PubMed 10. Lichterfeld M, *et al.* 2008. *J. Exp. Med.* 204:2813. (FC) PubMed

Description: NKB1 is a 70 kD member of the immunoglobulin superfamily that is expressed on a subset of natural killer cells and T

cells at varying levels among individuals. NKB1 is a type I membrane protein containing two immunoglobulin C2-type domains. The interaction of NKB1 with specific HLA-B antigens on a target cell (the HLA-Bw4 allele, for example) inhibits cytotoxicity and prevents target cell lysis and death. The interactions between KIR and MHC class I are thought to be important in NK and T cell regulation following antigen stimulation. The absence of ligands for KIRs may lower the threshold for activation through activating receptors and increase inflammation and susceptibility to

autoimmune disease.

Antigen References: 1. Colonna M, et al. 1995. Science 268:405.

D'Andrea A, et al. 1995. J. Immunol.. 155:2306.

3. Uhrburg M, et al. 1997. Immunity 7:753.

4. Gumperz JE, et al. 1996. J. Exp. Med. 183:1817.

5. Wagtmann N, et al. 1995. Immunity 3:801.

Related Products: Product Clone PE anti-human CD16 3G8

FC FC FC, ICFC PE anti-human CD94 DX22 PE anti-human HLA-DR 1243 PE Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Ctrl MOPC-21 Cell Staining Buffer FC, ICC, ICFC

FC, ICFC RBC Lysis Buffer (10X) PE anti-human CD56 (NCAM) MEM-188 PE anti-human HLA-A,B,C W6/32

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Application



PE anti-human CD158b (KIR2DL2/L3, NKAT2) Human TruStain FcX™ (Fc Receptor Blocking Solution)

DX27

FC FC, ICC, ICFC



