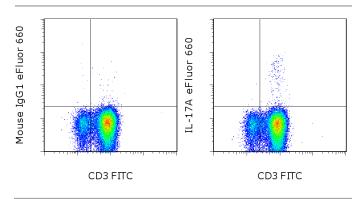


Anti-Human IL-17A eFluor® 660 (Alexa® 647 Replacement)

Catalog Number: 50-7179 Also known as: Interleukin-17A

RUO: For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.



Intracellular staining of normal human peripheral blood cells stimulated with Cell Stimulation Cocktail (plus protein transport inhibitors) (500X) (cat. 00-4975) for 5 hours with Anti-Human CD3 FITC (cat. 11-0037) and Mouse IgG1 K Isotype Control eFluor® 660 (cat. 50-4714) (left) or Anti-Human IL-17A eFluor® 660 (right). Cells were fixed and permeabilized using the IC Fixation Buffer (cat. 00-8222) and Permeabilization Buffer (10X) (cat. 00-8333). Cells in the lymphocyte gate were used for analysis.

Product Information

Contents: Anti-Human IL-17A eFluor® 660

(Alexa® 647 Replacement)

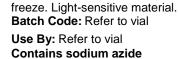
REF Catalog Number: 50-7179

Clone: eBio64DEC17

Concentration: 5 uL (0.03 ug)/test Host/Isotype: Mouse IgG1, kappa



Formulation: aqueous buffer, 0.09% sodium azide, may contain carrier protein/stabilizer **Temperature Limitation:** Store at 2-8°C. Do not





Description

The eBio64DEC17 antibody reacts with human IL-17A. The eBio64DEC17 antibody is a neutralizing antibody. Interleukin-17A (IL-17A) is a CD4+ T cell-derived cytokine that promotes inflammatory responses in cell lines and is elevated in rheumatoid arthritis, asthma, multiple sclerosis, psoriasis, and transplant rejection. The cDNA encoding human IL-17A was isolated from a library of CD4+ T cells; the encoded protein exhibits 72 percent amino acid identity with HVS13, an open reading frame from a T lymphotropic Herpesvirus saimiri, and 63 percent with mouse CTLA-8 (cytotoxic T-lymphocyte associated antigen-8). Human IL-17A exists as glycosylated 20-30 kD homodimers. High levels of IL-17A homodimer are produced by activated peripheral blood CD4+ T-cells. IL-17A enhances expression of the intracellular adhesion molecule-1 (ICAM-1) in human fibroblasts. Human IL-17A also stimulates epithelial, endothelial, or fibroblastic cells to secrete IL-6, IL-8, G-CSF, and PGE2. In the presence of human IL-17A, fibroblasts can sustain the proliferation of CD34+ hematopoietic progenitors and induce maturation into neutrophils. Mouse, rat, and human IL-17A can induce IL-6 secretion in mouse stromal cells, indicating that all homologs can recognize the mouse IL-17A receptor.

IL-23-dependent, IL-17A-producing CD4+ T cells (Th-17 cells) have been identified as a unique subset of Th cells that develops along a pathway that is distinct from the Th1- and Th2- cell differentiation pathways. The hallmark effector molecules of Th1 and Th2 cells, e.g., IFN gamma and IL-4, have each been found to negatively regulate the generation of these Th-17 cells.

Intracellular staining by eBio64DEC17 antibody identifies the same cell population as the eBio64CAP17 antibody, as can be seen in co-staining experiments using both antibodies.

Applications Reported

This eBio64DEC17 antibody has been reported for use in intracellular staining followed by flow cytometric analysis.

Applications Tested

This eBio64DEC17 antibody has been pre-titrated and tested by intracellular staining and flow cytometric analysis of stimulated normal human peripheral blood cells. This can be used at $5 \mu L$ (0.03 μg) per test. A test is defined as the



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amount (μ g) of antibody that will stain a cell sample in a final volume of 100 μ L. Cell number should be determined empirically but can range from 10^5 to 10^8 cells/test.

eFluor® 660 is a replacement for Alexa Fluor® 647. eFluor® 660 emits at 659 nm and is excited with the red laser (633 nm). Please make sure that your instrument is capable of detecting this fluorochome.

References

Lee JJ, Chang YL, Lai WL, Ko JY, Kuo MY, Chiang CP, Azuma M, Chen CW, Chia JS. Increased prevalence of interleukin-17-producing CD4(+) tumor infiltrating lymphocytes in human oral squamous cell carcinoma. Head Neck. 2011 Sep;33(9):1301-8 (ebio64DEC17m IHC frozen)

Acosta-Rodriguez EV, Napolitani G, et al. 2007. Interleukins 1beta and 6 but not transforming growth factor-beta are essential for the differentiation of interleukin 17-producing human T helper cells. Nat Immunol. 8(9):942-9. (FC, PubMed)

Chen Z, Tato CM, Muul L, Laurence A, O'Shea JJ. Distinct regulation of interleukin-17 in human T helper lymphocytes. Arthritis Rheum. 2007 Sep;56(9):2936-46. (ebio64Dec17, FC PubMed)

Related Products

00-4975 Cell Stimulation Cocktail (plus protein transport inhibitors) (500X)

00-8222 IC Fixation Buffer

00-8333 Permeabilization Buffer (10X)

11-0037 Anti-Human CD3 FITC (OKT3)

12-7219 Anti-Human IL-21 PE (eBio3A3-N2 (3A3-N2))

12-7229 Anti-Human IL-22 PE (22URTI)

12-9179 Anti-Human IL-17AF PE

46-7169 Anti-Human IL-17F PerCP-eFluor® 710 (SHLR17)

50-4714 Mouse IgG1 K Isotype Control eFluor® 660 (P3.6.2.8.1)