

Product Data Sheet

Alexa Fluor® 488 anti-human CD56 (NCAM)

Catalog # / Size: 304613 / 25 tests

304611 / 100 tests

Clone: MEM-188

Isotype: Mouse IgG2a, κ

Workshop Number: VI NK26

Immunogen: KG-1 human acute myelogenous leukemia cell line

Reactivity: Human, Cross-Reactivity*: Cattle (Bovine, Cow), Swine (Pig, Porcine)

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography, and conjugated with Alexa Fluor® 488 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of

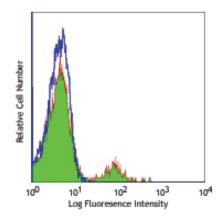
unconjugated Alexa Fluor® 488.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Storage: The antibody solution should be stored undiluted at 4°C and protected from

prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes stained with MEM-188 Alexa Fluor®

Applications:

Applications: FC - Quality tested

Recommended Usage: Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For immunofluorescent staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 µl per million cells or 5 µl per 100 µl of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

* Alexa Fluor® 488 has a maximum emission of 519 nm when it is excited at 488 nm.

** Alexa Fluor® is a registered trademark of Molecular Probes, Inc. Alexa Fluor® dye antibody conjugates are sold under license from Molecular Probes, Inc. for research use only, except for use in combination with microarrays and high content screening, and are covered by pending and issued patents.

Application Notes: Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: immunoprecipitation, immunohistochemical staining of formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue sections, and Western blotting (non-reducing).

CD56 is a single transmembrane glycoprotein also known as N-CAM (Neural Cell Adhesion Molecule), Leu-19, or

NKH1. It is a member of the Ig superfamily. The 140 kD isoform is expressed on NK cells and NK-T cells. CD56 is also expressed in brain (cerebellum and cortex) and at neuromuscular junctions. Certain large granular lymphocyte (LGL) leukemias, small-cell lung carcinomas, neuronal derived tumors, myelomas, and myeloid leukemias also express CD56. CD56 plays a role in homophilic and heterophilic adhesion via binding to itself or heparin sulfate.

Antigen References: 1. Lanier L, et al. 1991. J. Immunol. 146:4421.

2. Hemperly J. et al. 1990. J. Mol. Neurosci. 2:71.

3. Cremer H, et al. 1994. Nature 367:455.

Related Products: Product Clone Application FC, ICC, ICFC

Cell Staining Buffer RBC Lysis Buffer (10X)

FC, ICFC FC, ICFC Alexa Fluor® 488 Mouse IgG2a, κ Isotype Ctrl **MOPC-173** FC, ICC, ICFC

Human TruStain FcX™ (Fc Receptor Blocking Solution)

Application References: 1. Kishimoto T, et al. Eds. 1997. Leucocyte Typing VI. Garland Publishing Inc. London.