

Product Data Sheet

Alexa Fluor® 700 anti-human CD45RO

Catalog # / Size: 304217 / 25 µg

304218 / 100 µg

Clone: UCHL1

Isotype: Mouse IgG2a, κ

Workshop Number: IV N31

Reactivity: Human, Cross-Reactivity: Chimpanzee, Common Marmoset

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography, and conjugated with

Alexa Fluor® 700 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of

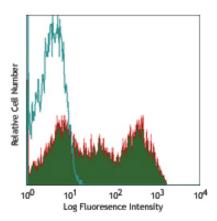
unconjugated Alexa Fluor® 700.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: 0.5 mg/ml

Storage: The antibody solution should be stored undiluted at 4°C and protected from

prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes stained with UCHL1 Alexa Fluor®

Applications:

Applications: FC - Quality tested

Recommended Usage: This reagent is developed for immunofluorescent staining for flow cytometric analysis; the suggested use of this reagent is ≤2.0 µg per million cells in 100 µl volume. It is highly recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

> * Alexa Fluor® 700 has a maximum emission of 719 nm when it is excited at 633 nm / 635 nm. Prior to using Alexa Fluor® 700 conjugate for flow cytometric analysis, please verify your flow cytometer's capability of exciting and detecting the fluorochrome.

> Alexa Fluor® 700 is a registered trademark of Molecular Probes, Inc. Alexa Fluor® 700 dye antibody conjugates are sold under license from Molecular Probes, Inc. for research use only, except for use in combination with

microarrays and high content screening, and are covered by pending and issued patents.

Application Notes: The UCHL1 antibody is commonly used in combination with antibodies against CD45RA to discern memory and naïve T cells. Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: immunohistochemical staining of acetone-fixed frozen tissue sections⁵ and formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue sections⁴, Western blotting², and immunoprecipitation3.

- Application References: 1. Knapp W, et al. Eds. 1989. Leucocyte Typing IV. Oxford University Press. New York. (FC) 2. Ishii T, et al. 2001. P. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 98:12138. (WB)

 - 3. Ponsford M, et al. 2001. Clin. Exp. Immunol. 124:315. (IP)

 - 4. Yamada M, et al. 1996. Stroke 27:1155. (IHC) 5. Sakkas LI, et al. 1998. Clin. Diagn. Lab. Immunol. 5:430. (IHC)
 - 6. Baba N, et al. 2010. Int. Immunol. 22:237. PubMed

 - 7. Thakral D, *et al.* 2008. *J. Immunol.* 180:7431. (FC) PubMed 8. Weiss L, *et al.* 2010. *P. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 107:10632. PubMed
 - 9. Wu YY, et al. 2007. Infect. Immun. 75:4357. PubMed
 - 10. Mozaffarian N, et al. 2008. Rheumatology 47:1335. PubMed 11. Roque S, et al. 2007. J. Immunol. 178:8028. PubMed 12. Yoshino N, et al. 2000. Exp. Anim. (Tokyo) 49:97. (FC)

Description: CD45RO is a 180 kD single chain membrane glycoprotein. It is a splice variant of tyrosine phosphatase CD45, lacking the A, B, and C determinants. The CD45RO isoform is expressed on activated and memory T cells, some B cell subsets, activated monocytes/macrophages, and granulocytes. CD45RO enhances both T cell receptor and B cell receptor signaling mediated activation. CD45 and its isoforms non-covalently associate with lymphocyte phosphatase-associated phosphoprotein (LPAP) on T and B lymphocytes. CD45 has been reported to be associated with several other cell surface antigens including CD1, CD2, CD3, and CD4. CD45 has also been reported to bind galectin-1 and CD22. CD45 isoform expression can change in response to cytokines.

MOPC-173

Antigen References:

- 1. Thomas M. 1989. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 7:339
- 2. Trowbridge I, et al. 1994. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 12:85.

Related Products: Product

Cell Staining Buffer RBC Lysis Buffer (10X)

Alexa Fluor® 700 Mouse IgG2a, κ Isotype Ctrl

Human TruStain FcX™ (Fc Receptor Blocking Solution)

Clone Application FC, ICC, ICFC

FC, ICFC FC, ICFC FC, ICC, ICFC



For research use only. Not for diagnostic use. Not for resale. BioLegend will not be held responsible for patent infringement or other violations that may occur with the use of our products.

