

## **Product Data Sheet**

## PE anti-human CD40

Catalog # / Size: 313005 / 25 tests

313006 / 100 tests

Clone: HB14

**Isotype:** Mouse IgG1,  $\kappa$ 

Workshop Number: V CD40.5

Reactivity: Human, Cross-Reactivity\*: Rhesus

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography, and conjugated with

PE under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated PE and

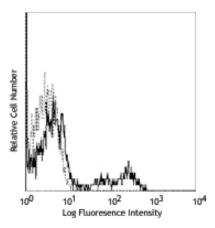
unconjugated antibody.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Storage: The antibody solution should be stored undiluted at 4°C and protected from

prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes stained with HB14 PE

## **Applications:**

Applications: FC - Quality tested

Recommended Usage: Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. Test size products are transitioning from 20 μl to 5 μl per test. Please check your vial or your CoA to find the

suggested use of this reagent per million cells in 100 µl staining volume or per 100 µl of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application. Read more at

www.biolegend.com/testsize regarding the test size change.

Application Notes: Additional reported applications (for the relevant formats) include: costimulation of B cell proliferation, partial inhibition

of CD40 binding to CD40L, and prevention of B cell apoptosis. Alone, or in combination with TLR ligands, clone HIB14 stimulates B cells to produce IL-10 and differentiates it into regulatory B10 (IL-10 producing B cells).7 The LEAF™ purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/μg, Azide-Free, 0.2 μm filtered) is recommended for functional assays

(Cat. No. 313010).

Application References: 1. Pound JD, et al. 1999. Int. Immunol. 11:11. (Costim)

2. Schlossman S, et al. Eds. 1995. Leucocyte Typing V. Oxford University Press. New York.

3. Armengol MP, et al. 2001. Am. J. Pathol. 159:861. 4. Cavanagh LL, et al. 2005. Arthritis Res. Ther. 7:R230. 5. Jayakumar A, et al. 2008. Infect Immun. 76:2138. PubMed 6. Sestak K, et al. 2007. Vet. Immunol. Immunopathol. 119:21.

7. Iwata Y, et al. 2011. Blood. 117:530. PubMed

Description: CD40 is a 48 kD type I glycoprotein also known as BP50. It is a member of the TNFR superfamily primarily expressed

on B cells, macrophages, follicular dendritic cells, endothelial cells, fibroblasts, and at low levels on plasma cells. CD40 has been reported to be involved in B cell differentiation, costimulation, isotype class-switching, and protection of B cells from apoptosis. Additionally, CD40 is important for T cell-B cell interactions. The ligand of CD40 is CD154 (CD40 ligand). The HB14 antibody has been reported to promote B cell proliferation in the presence of anti-IgM, IL-4

or PMA, partially block CD40 binding to CD40L and rescue B cells from apoptosis.

Antigen References: 1. Banchereau J, et al. 1994. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 12:881. 2. Foy T, et al. 1996. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 14:591.

**Related Products: Product** Application Clone

FC, ICFC FC, ICC, ICFC PE Mouse IgG1,  $\kappa$  Isotype Ctrl MOPC-21 Cell Staining Buffer RBC Lysis Buffer (10X) PE anti-human CD154 FC, ICFC 24-31

Human TruStain FcX™ (Fc Receptor Blocking Solution) FC, ICC, ICFC



