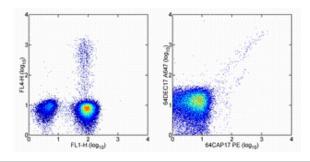


# Anti-Human IL-17A Alexa Fluor® 647

Catalog Number: 51-7179

Also Known As: Interleukin-17A, CTLA8

RUO: For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.



Intracellular staining human peripheral blood cells stimulated with PMA/Ionomycin for 5 hours in the presence of monensin. Anti-Human CD3 FITC (cat. 11-0038) and Anti-Human II-17A Alexa Fluor® 647. The co-staining of two IL-17A antibody clones (eBio64CAP17 and eBio64DEC17) confirms specificity.

### **Product Information**

Contents: Anti-Human IL-17A Alexa Fluor® 647

Clone: eBio64DEC17

**Concentration:** 5 μl (0.03 μg)/test **Host/Isotype:** Mouse IgG1, kappa

Formulation: aqueous buffer, 0.09% sodium azide, may

contain carrier protein/stabilizer

Temperature Limitation: Store at 2-8°C. Do not freeze. Light sensitive material.

■ Batch Code: Refer to Vial

Use By: Refer to Vial

Caution, contains Azide

## **Description**

The eBio64DEC17 antibody reacts with human IL-17A. The eBio64DEC17 antibody is a neutralizing antibody. Interleukin-17A (IL-17A) is a CD4+ T cell-derived cytokine that promotes inflammatory responses in cell lines and is elevated in rheumatoid arthritis, asthma, multiple sclerosis, psoriasis, and transplant rejection. The cDNA encoding human IL-17A was isolated from a library of CD4+ T cells; the encoded protein exhibits 72 percent amino acid identity with HVS13, an open reading frame from a T lymphotropic Herpesvirus saimiri, and 63 percent with mouse CTLA-8 (cytotoxic T-lymphocyte associated antigen-8). Human IL-17A exists as glycosylated 20-30 kD homodimers. High levels of IL-17A homodimer are produced by activated peripheral blood CD4+ T-cells. IL-17A enhances expression of the intracellular adhesion molecule-1 (ICAM-1) in human fibroblasts. Human IL-17A also stimulates epithelial, endothelial, or fibroblastic cells to secrete IL-6, IL-8, G-CSF, and PGE2. In the presence of human IL-17A, fibroblasts can sustain the proliferation of CD34+ hematopoietic progenitors and induce maturation into neutrophils. Mouse, rat, and human IL-17A can induce IL-6 secretion in mouse stromal cells, indicating that all homologs can recognize the mouse IL-17A receptor.

IL-23-dependent, IL-17A-producing CD4+ T cells (Th-17 cells) have been identified as a unique subset of Th cells that develops along a pathway that is distinct from the Th1- and Th2- cell differentiation pathways. The hallmark effector molecules of Th1 and Th2 cells, e.g., IFN-g and IL-4, have each been found to negatively regulate the generation of these Th-17 cells.

Intracellular staining by eBio64DEC17 antibody identifies the same cell population as the eBio64CAP17 antibody, as can be seen in costaining experiments using both antibodies. Click here for link to data 51-7179.

### **Applications Reported**

The eBio64DEC17 antibody has been reported for use as the detection antibody in human IL-17A ELISA and ELISPOT assays, as well as for neutralization and intracellular staining.

### **Applications Tested**

This eBio64DEC17 antibody has been pre-titrated and tested by intracellular staining and flow cytometric analysis. This can be used at 5  $\mu$ l (0.03  $\mu$ g)/per test. A test is defined as the amount ( $\mu$ g)/test of antibody that will stain a cell sample in a final volume of 100  $\mu$ L. Cell number should be determined empirically but can range from 10<sup>5</sup> to 10<sup>8</sup> cells/test.

### References

Acosta-Rodriguez EV, Napolitani G, et al. 2007. Interleukins 1beta and 6 but not transforming growth factor-beta are essential for the differentiation of interleukin 17-producing human T helper cells. Nat Immunol. 8(9):942-9. (FC, PubMed)

Chen Z, Tato CM, Muul L, Laurence A, O'Shea JJ. Distinct regulation of interleukin-17 in human T helper lymphocytes. Arthritis Rheum.

2007 Sep;56(9):2936-46. (ebio64Dec17, FC PubMed)

### **Related Products**

00-8222 IC Fixation Buffer

00-8333 Permeabilization Buffer (10X)

11-0038 Anti-Human CD3 FITC (UCHT1)

12-7169 Anti-Human IL-17F PE (SHLR17)

12-7229 Anti-Human IL-22 PE (22URTI)

51-4714 Mouse IgG1 K Isotype Control Alexa Fluor® 647 (P3.6.2.1)

51-7172 Anti-Mouse IL-17A Alexa Fluor® 647 (To Be Discontinued. Refer to Alternative clone: eBio17B7 cat. 17-7177) (eBioTC11-18H10.1)

51-7219 Anti-Human IL-21 Alexa Fluor® 647 (To Be Discontinued. See NEW Format: eFluor® 660 cat. 50-7219) (eBio3A3-N2 (3A3-N2))

88-7876 Human IL-17A ELISPOT Ready-SET-Go!®

88-8419 Human Th17 Cytokine Staining Panel

#### Legal

Alexa Fluor® and Pacific Blue® are registered trademarks of and licensed under patents assigned to Molecular Probes, Inc. for research use only. This product is subject to an agreement between Molecular Probes, Inc. and eBioscience, and the manufacture, use, sale or import of this product may be subject to one or more U.S. patents, pending applications and corresponding foreign equivalents, owned by Molecular Probes, Inc. (a wholly owned subsidiary of Invitrogen Corp). The purchase of this product conveys to the buyer the non-transferable right to use the purchased amount of the product for life science research or as an ASR. The buyer cannot use this product for manufacturing or for any other screening (specifically including use in combination with microarrays or High Content Screening) or testing purpose, other than as an ASR. For information on purchasing a license to this product for purposes other than life science research or use as an ASR, contact Molecular Probes, Inc.

Not for further distribution without written consent. Copyright © 2000-2010 eBioscience, Inc.

Tel: 888.999.1371 or 858.642.2058 • Fax: 858.642.2046 • www.eBioscience.com • info@eBioscience.com