

Product Data Sheet

102

Log Fluorescence Intensity Human peripheral blood lymphocytes

stained with OKT4 PerCP/Cy5.5

103

10⁴

Relative Cell Number

100

101

PerCP/Cy5.5 anti-human CD4

Catalog # / Size: 317427 / 25 tests

317428 / 100 tests

Clone: OKT4

Isotype: Mouse IgG2b, κ

Reactivity: Human, Cross-Reactivity: Chimpanzee, Cynomolgus, Rhesus

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography, and conjugated with

PerCP/Cy5.5 under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated

PerCP/Cy5.5 and unconjugated antibody.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and

0.2% (w/v) BSA (origin USA).

Storage: The antibody solution should be stored undiluted at 4°C and protected from

prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.

Applications:

Applications: FC - Quality tested

Recommended Usage: Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent

staining with flow cytometric analysis. For immunofluorescent staining, the suggested use of this reagent is 5 μ l per million cells or 5 μ l per 100 μ l of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal

performance for each application.

* PerCP/Cy5.5 has a maximum absorption of 482 nm and 564 nm and a

maximum emission of 690 nm.

The OKT4 antibody binds to the D3 domain of CD4 and does not block HIV binding. Additional reported applications **Application Notes:**

(for the relevant formats) include: immunohistochemistry of frozen sections and blocking of T cell activation. The LEAF™ purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/μg, Azide-Free, 0.2 μm filtered) is recommended for functional assays

(Cat. No. 317404).

Cy3, Cy5, Cy5.5 and Cy7 are subject to proprietary rights of GE Healthcare Bio-Sciences Corp. and Carnegie Mellon University and made and sold under license from GE Healthcare Bio-Sciences Corp. Sale of this product is licensed

for research use only.

Application References: 1. Knapp W, et al. 1989. Leucocyte Typing IV. Oxford University Press. New York.

2. Reinherz EL, et al. 1979. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 76:4061. 3. Kmieciak M, et al. 2009. J. Transl. Med. 7:89. (FC) PubMed 4. Cicin-Sain L, et al. 2010. J. Immunol. 184:6739. PubMed 5. Rosenzweig M, et al. 2001. J. Med. Primatol. 30:36.

6. Linder J, et al. 1987. Am. J. Pathol. 127:1.

7. Boche D, et al. 1999. J. Neurovirol. 5:232. (IHC)

Description: CD4, also known as T4, is a 55 kD single-chain type I transmembrane glycoprotein expressed on most thymocytes, a

subset of T cells, and monocytes/macrophages. CD4, a member of the Ig superfamily, recognizes antigens associated with MHC class II molecules and participates in cell-cell interactions, thymic differentiation, and signal

transduction. CD4 acts as a primary receptor for HIV, binding to HIV gp120. CD4 has also been shown to interact with

IL-16.

Antigen References: 1. Center D, et al. 1996. Immunol. Today 17:476.

Gaubin M, et al. 1996. Eur. J. Clin. Chem. Clin. Biochem. 34:723.

Related Products: Product Clone Application PerCP/Cy5.5 Mouse IgG2b, κ Isotype Ctrl FC, ICFC FC, ICC, ICFC MPC-11

Cell Staining Buffer RBC Lysis Buffer (10X) FC, ICFC Human TruStain FcX™ (Fc Receptor Blocking Solution) FC, ICC, ICFC



