

Product Data Sheet

FITC anti-mouse CD93 (AA4.1, early B lineage)

Catalog # / Size: 136507 / 50 µg

136508 / 200 µg

Clone: AA4.1

Isotype: Rat IgG2b, κ

Immunogen: Pre-B lymphoma 70Z/3

Reactivity: Mouse

Preparation: The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography, and conjugated with

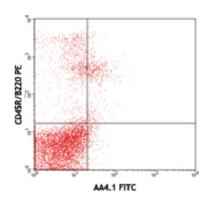
FITC under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated FITC.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Concentration: 0.5 mg/ml

Storage: The antibody solution should be stored undiluted at 4°C and protected from

prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.



C57BL/6 mouse bone marrow cells stained with CD45R/B220 PE and AA4.1 FITC

Applications:

Applications: FC - Quality tested

Recommended Usage: Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For

immunofluorescent staining, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤1.0 µg per million cells in 100 µl volume. It is

recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

Application References: 1. McKearn JP, et al. 1984. J. Immunol. 132:332.

Description: CD93 is a 130-140 kD C-type lectin-like type I transmembrane protein, also known as complement component 1, q subcomponent (C1qR1), C1qRp collectin receptor (C1qRp), or AA4 antigen. It is a receptor expressed on immature B

lymphocytes, hematopoietic progenitors and stem cells in adult bone marrow, fetal liver, and embryonic yolk sac. CD93 expression levels on splenic immature/transitional B cells is much lower than in bone marrow. It is reinduced during plasma cell differentiation and plays an important role in maintaining plasma cells in bone marrow niches. Immature dendritic cells express CD93 and down-regulate this molecule upon maturation, suggesting a role in uptake of particles by DC. It is also expressed on monocytes, macrophages, and endothelial cells. Macrophages from CD93 (-/-) mice had a significant phagocytic defect in the clearance of apoptotic cells in vivo, indicating CD93 may

contribute to the in vivo clearance of dying cells. Binding of CD93 to C1q remains controversial.

Antigen References: 1. Steinberger P, et al. 2002. J. Leukoc. Biol. 71:133.

Chevrier S, et al. 2009. Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 106:3895.
Norsworthy PJ, et al. 2004. J. Immunol. 172:3406.

4. Li YS, et al. 1996. Immunity 5:527.

5. Szilvassy SJ, et al. 1993. Blood 81:2310.

Related Products: Product

FITC Rat IgG2b, κ Isotype Ctrl Cell Staining Buffer RBC Lysis Buffer (10X)

TruStain fcX™ (anti-mouse CD16/32)

Clone RTK4530

93

Application FC, ICFC FC, ICC, ICFC FC, ICFC



