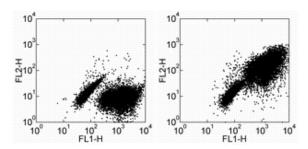


Anti-Mouse CD197 (CCR7) Purified

Catalog Number: 14-1971

Also Known As: EBI-1, CCR-7, MIP-3 beta Receptor

RUO: For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.



RBL cell line was transfected to co-express mouse CCR7 and GFP. These cells were stained on ice for 2 hours with Rat IgG2a kappa Isotype Control PE (cat. 12-4321) (left) or 1 ug of Anti-Mouse CD197 (CCR7) Purified (right) followed by F(ab')2 Anti-Rat IgG PE (cat. 12-4822). GFP expression is shown on the X-axis. Total viable cells were used for analysis.

Product Information

Contents: Anti-Mouse CD197 (CCR7) Purified

REF Catalog Number: 14-1971

Clone: 4B12

Concentration: 0.5 mg/mL Host/Isotype: Rat IgG2a, kappa Formulation: aqueous buffer, 0.09% sodium azide, may contain

carrier protein/stabilizer

Temperature Limitation: Store at 2-8°C.

Batch Code: Refer to Vial
Use By: Refer to Vial

Contains sodium azide

Description

The 4B12 monoclonal antibody reacts with mouse CCR7, also known as EBI-1 and CD197. CCR7 is a chemokine receptor for the chemokines CCL19 (CKß11, ELC, MIP3ß, Scya19, Exodus-3) and CCL21 (CKß9, SLC, MIP2ß, Scya21, Exodus-2). In recent years, the role of chemokines in directing the migration of lymphocytes has been well-characterized. One of the most important mediators of homeostatic trafficking of naïve T cells to secondary lymphoid organs (SLO) is the chemokine receptor CCR7. Binding of its ligands, CCL19 and CCL21, mediates the trans endothelial migration of T cells across high endothelial venules into SLO. It has also been demonstrated that CCR7 plays a role in the localization of dendritic cells and B cells during an immune response.

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In addition to its significant role in the chemotaxis of lymphocytes, human CCR7 has also been recognized as a marker for a distinct subset of memory T cells, the central memory (TCM) population. These cells are characterized by the expression of CCR7 and CD62L and reside within peripheral lymphoid organs. CCR7 also plays a role in thymocyte development and its deficiency leads to disturbed thymic architecture, aberrant T cell development, and limited thymocyte expansion.

For optimal visualization of CCR7 expression on different cell types it is necessary to use multi-color staining to discriminate different cell subsets as well as following the protocol (incubation at 37C may be necessary). To address specificity, the staining profile of 4B12 has been compared to a polyclonal antibody generated against a CCR7 peptide (Bjorkdahl *et al*). This analysis confirms that the polyclonal antibody and 4B12 stain similar populations of cells. Furthermore, 4B12 stains mouse CCR7-GFP fusion protein-transfected RBL cells (see data in cat. 14-1971).

Applications Reported

This 4B12 antibody has been reported for use in flow cytometric analysis, and immunoprecipitation.

Applications Tested

The 4B12 antibody has been tested by flow cytometric analysis of C57BL/6, Balb/C and SJL/J splenocytes and thymocytes.

Important: Staining with the 4B12 monoclonal antibody requires different conditions than typically used for surface-antigen staining. Please use the protocol below. Moreover, we have found that staining at 37°C, rather than 4°C, results in brighter 4B12 staining, as well as better resolution between positive and negative populations. Please see data for the PE 4B12 (cat. 12-1971) which demonstrates a comparison of staining at 4°C and 37°C. Staining with 4B12 at 37°C is not expected to interfere with co-staining other antigens, however this should be evaluated for individual experiments.

1. Prepare cell suspension as normal and block FcyllIR/FcylIR with 5 µg/million cells purified anti-mouse CD16/32 (cat. 14-0161) for 15 minutes on ice. If red blood cell lysis is carried out as part of cell preparation, ensure that fixatives are not present in the red blood cell lysis solution as this

will eliminate 4B12 staining.

- 2. Without washing, add 1 µg/million cells 4B12 and incubate in a 37°C waterbath or at 4°C (please see notes above) for 0.5 hours.
- 3. Wash cells 1X with 3 mls of Flow Cytometry Staining Buffer (cat. 00-4222) and decant supernatant.
- 4. Analyze cells on flow cytometer or proceed with secondary staining on ice as normal.

Note: Co-staining mouse CCR7 with the 4B12 antibody and the CCR7 ligand CCL19-Fc (cat. 14-1972) may be difficult due to different binding conditions required for the antibody versus the ligand, and steric hindrance which may prevent co-staining of 4B12 and CCL19-Fc. Cross-blocking experiments have demonstrated that 4B12 binding is able to prevent the detectable binding of CCL19-Fc, however not the opposite. Furthermore, the correlation between 4B12 and CCL19-Fc staining may be difficult to predict due to the presence of unknown CCL19-Fc receptors in addition to CCR7.

References

Ritter, U, Wiede, F, Mielenz, D, Kiafard, Z, Zwirner, J, and Korner H. 2004. Analysis of the CCR7 expression on murine bone arrow-derived and spleen dendritic cells. Journal of Leukocyte Biology. 76: 472-476. (4B12, FC, Pubmed)

Bjorkdahl O, Barber KA, Brett SJ, Daly MG, Plumpton C, Elshourbagy NA, Tite JP, Thomsen LL. 2003. Characterization of CC-chemokine receptor 7 expression on murine T cells in lymphoid tissues. Immunology. 110(2):170-9.

Waldner H, Sobel RA, et al. 2006. The autoimmune diabetes locus Idd9 regulates development of type 1 diabetes by affecting the homing of islet-specific T cells. J Immunol. 176(9):5455-62. (4B12, FC, PubMed)

Ohl L, Mohaupt M, Czeloth N, Hintzen G, Kiafard Z, Zwirner J, Blankenstein T, Henning G, Forster R. 2004. CCR7 governs skin dendritic cell migration under inflammatory and steady-state conditions. Immunity. 21(2):279-88. (4B12, FC, Pubmed)

Related Products

11-4317 Streptavidin FITC

11-4811 Anti-Rat IgG FITC

12-4317 Streptavidin PE

12-4321 Rat IgG2a K Isotype Control PE (eBR2a)

12-4822 F(ab')2 Anti-Rat IgG PE (polyclonal)

13-4813 Anti-Rat IgG Biotin (Polyclonal)

14-0161 Anti-Mouse CD16/CD32 Purified (93)

14-4321 Rat IgG2a K Isotype Control Purified (eBR2a)

17-4317 Streptavidin APC

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