

R0558S

500 units 10,000 U/ml Lot: 0121207 RECOMBINANT Store at -20°C Exp: 7/14

Recognition Site:

5′... GG^CGCGCC... 3′ 3′...CCGCGC_GG...5′

Source: An E. coli strain that carries the cloned AscI gene from *Arthrobacter* species (R. Morgan)

Supplied in: 50 mM KCl, 10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.4), 0.1 mM EDTA, 1 mM dithiothreitol, 200 µg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol.



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Recognition Site:

5′... GG[•]CGCGCC...3′ 3′... C C G C G C G G ... 5′

Source: An E. coli strain that carries the cloned Ascl gene from Arthrobacter species (R. Morgan)

Supplied in: 50 mM KCl, 10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.4), 0.1 mM EDTA, 1 mM dithiothreitol, 200 µg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol.

Reagents Supplied with Enzyme: 10X NEBuffer 4.

Reaction Conditions: 1X NEBuffer 4. Incubate at 37°C.

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NEB 4 37° 🕊 🝩

50 mM potassium acetate 20 mM Tris-acetate 10 mM magnesium acetate 1 mM dithiothreitol pH 7.9 @ 25°C

Reagents Supplied with Enzyme:

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Unit Definition: One unit is defined as the amount

1 hour at 37°C in a total reaction volume of 50 µl.

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dithiothreitol, 200 µg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol

of enzyme required to digest 1 μ g of λ DNA in

Diluent Compatibility: Diluent Buffer A

10X NEBuffer 4.

Incubate at 37°C.

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(pH 7.4 @ 25°C).

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Diluent Compatibility: Diluent Buffer A 50 mM KCl. 10 mM Tris-HCl. 0.1 mM EDTA. 1 mM dithiothreitol, 200 µg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol (pH 7.4 @ 25°C).

Quality Control Assays

Ligation: After 10-fold overdigestion with Ascl. > 95% of the DNA fragments can be ligated with T4 DNA Ligase (at a 5' termini concentration of 1–2 μ M) at 16°C. Of these ligated fragments, > 95% can be recut.

16-Hour Incubation: A 50 ul reaction containing 1 µg of DNA and 30 units of enzyme incubated for 16 hours resulted in the same pattern of DNA bands as a reaction incubated for 1 hour with 1 unit of enzyme.

Exonuclease Activity: Incubation of 100 units of enzyme with 1 µg sonicated [3H] DNA (10⁵ cpm/µg) for 4 hours at 37°C in 50 µl reaction buffer released < 0.1% radioactivity.

Endonuclease Activity: Incubation of a 50 µl reaction containing 150 units of enzyme with 1 ug ΦX174 RF I DNA for 4 hours at 37°C resulted in < 10% conversion to RF II as determined by agarose gel electrophoresis.

Blue/White Screening Assay: This enzyme has been tested to determine the integrity of the DNA ends produced after digestion with an excess of enzyme. An appropriate vector is digested at a unique site within $lacZ^{\alpha}$ gene with a 10-fold excess of enzyme, ligated, transformed and plated on XGal/IPTG/Amp plates. Successful expression of β-galactosidase is a function of how intact its gene remains after cloning, an intact gene gives rise to a blue colony, an interrupted gene (i.e. degraded DNA end) gives rise to a white colony. Enzymes must produce fewer than 3% white colonies to be Blue/White Certified.

Enzyme Properties

Activity in NEBuffers:

NEBuffer 1	0%
NEBuffer 2	10%
NEBuffer 3	10%
NEBuffer 4	100%

When using a buffer other than the optimal (supplied) NEBuffer, it may be necessary to add more enzyme to achieve complete digestion.

(see other side)

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

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Survival in a Reaction: A minimum of 0.13 unit is required to digest 1 μ g of substrate DNA in 16 hours.

Companion Products:

Ascl RE-Mix[™] #R5558S 50 reactions

Heat Inactivation: 20 units of enzyme were inactivated by incubation at 65°C for 20 minutes.

Notes: Cleavage of mammalian genomic DNA is blocked by CpG methylation.

Ascl is an octanucleotide-recognizing restriction endonuclease pNEB193, a cloning vector which contains single sites for NEB's 8-base cutters Ascl, Pacl and Pmel is available (NEB #N3051). = Time-Saver[™] Qualified (See www.neb.com for details).

Page 2 (R0558)

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