

5[']... $_{10}^{\bullet}(N) C G A (N)_{6} T G C (N)_{12}^{\bullet}... 3^{'}$ 3[']... $_{12}^{\bullet}(N) G C T (N)_{6} A C G (N)_{10}^{\bullet}... 5^{'}$

Source: An *E. coli* strain that carries the cloned Bcgl gene from *Bacillus coagulans* (H. Kong)



Recognition Site:

 $\begin{array}{l} 5^{\prime} \ldots \overset{\P}{}_{10}(\mathsf{N}) \subset \mathsf{G} \land (\mathsf{N})_6 \top \mathsf{G} \subset (\mathsf{N})_{12}^{\P} \ldots 3^{\prime} \\ 3^{\prime} \ldots \overset{12}{}_{12}(\mathsf{N}) \, \mathsf{G} \subset \mathsf{T} \ (\mathsf{N})_6 \land \mathsf{C} \subset \mathsf{G} \ (\mathsf{N})_{10}^{\P} \ldots 5^{\prime} \end{array}$

Source: An *E. coli* strain that carries the cloned Bcgl gene from *Bacillus coagulans* (H. Kong)

Supplied in: 50 mM KCl, 10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.4), 1 mM DTT, 0.1 mM EDTA, 200 µg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol.

Reagents Supplied with Enzyme: 10X NEBuffer 3, 1600X S-adenosylmethionine (SAM) (32 mM).

Reaction Conditions: 1X NEBuffer 3. Supplemented with 20 μ M S-adenosylmethionine. Incubate at 37°C.

1X NEBuffer 3: 100 mM NaCl 50 mM Tris-HCl 10 mM MgCl₂ 1 mM DTT pH 7.9 @ 25°C

Unit Definition: One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme required to digest 1 μ g of λ DNA in 1 hour at 37°C in a total reaction volume of 50 μ l.

Diluent Compatibility: Diluent Buffer A 50 mM KCl, 10 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1 mM EDTA, 1 mM DTT, 200 μg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol (pH 7.4 @ 25°C).

Supplied in: 50 mM KCl, 10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.4), 1 mM DTT, 0.1 mM EDTA, 200 $\mu g/ml$ BSA and 50% glycerol.

Reagents Supplied with Enzyme:

10X NEBuffer 3, 1600X S-adenosylmethionine (SAM) (32 mM).

Reaction Conditions: 1X NEBuffer 3. Supplemented with 20 µM S-adenosylmethionine. Incubate at 37°C.

1X NEBuffer 3:

100 mM NaCl 50 mM Tris-HCl 10 mM MgCl₂ 1 mM DTT pH 7.9 @ 25°C

Unit Definition: One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme required to digest 1 μ g of λ DNA in 1 hour at 37°C in a total reaction volume of 50 μ l.

Diluent Compatibility: Diluent Buffer A 50 mM KCl, 10 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1 mM EDTA, 1 mM DTT, 200 μg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol (pH 7.4 @ 25°C).

Quality Control Assays

16-Hour Incubation: A 50 μ I reaction containing 1 μ g of DNA and 10 units of enzyme incubated for 16 hours resulted in the same pattern of DNA bands as a reaction incubated for 1 hour with 1 unit of enzyme.

Exonuclease Activity: Incubation of 15 units of enzyme with 1 μ g sonicated ³H DNA (10⁵ cpm/ μ g) for 4 hours at 37°C in 50 μ l reaction buffer released < 0.2% radioactivity.

Enzyme Properties

Activity in NEBuffers: NEBuffer 1 50% NEBuffer 2 75% NEBuffer 3 100% NEBuffer 4 50%

When using a buffer other than the optimal (supplied) NEBuffer, it may be necessary to add more enzyme to achieve complete digestion. **Survival in a Reaction:** Intermediate activity. Suitable for extended digestion, but < 8 hours.

Heat Inactivation: 2 units of enzyme were inactivated by incubation at 65°C for 20 minutes.

Notes: Bcgl cleaves DNA substrates twice to excise its recognition site generating a 32 basepair fragment with 2-base 3'overhangs.

Requires S-adenosylmethionine for optimal activity (supplied with enzyme).

S-adenosylmethionine is stored at -20°C as 32 mM solution dissolved in sulfuric acid (0.005 M) and 10% ethanol. SAM in this solution stored under ideal conditions remains active for up to 6 months. SAM is unstable at (pH 7.5), 37°C, and should be replenished for reactions incubated longer than 4 hours.

(See other side)

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Quality Control Assays

16-Hour Incubation: A 50 μ I reaction containing 1 μ g of DNA and 10 units of enzyme incubated for 16 hours resulted in the same pattern of DNA bands as a reaction incubated for 1 hour with 1 unit of enzyme.

Exonuclease Activity: Incubation of 15 units of enzyme with 1 μ g sonicated ³H DNA (10⁵ cpm/ μ g) for 4 hours at 37°C in 50 μ l reaction buffer released < 0.2% radioactivity.

Enzyme Properties

Activity in NEBuffers:

 NEBuffer 1
 50%

 NEBuffer 2
 75%

 NEBuffer 3
 100%

 NEBuffer 4
 50%

When using a buffer other than the optimal (supplied) NEBuffer, it may be necessary to add more enzyme to achieve complete digestion. **Survival in a Reaction:** Intermediate activity. Suitable for extended digestion, but < 8 hours.

Heat Inactivation: 2 units of enzyme were inactivated by incubation at 65°C for 20 minutes.

Notes: Bcgl cleaves DNA substrates twice to excise its recognition site generating a 32 basepair fragment with 2-base 3'overhangs.

Requires S-adenosylmethionine for optimal activity (supplied with enzyme).

S-adenosylmethionine is stored at -20°C as 32 mM solution dissolved in sulfuric acid (0.005 M) and 10% ethanol. SAM in this solution stored under ideal conditions remains active for up to 6 months. SAM is unstable at (pH 7.5), 37°C, and should be replenished for reactions incubated longer than 4 hours.

(See other side)

Many problems in achieving complete digestion can be alleviated by using fresh SAM.

Impaired by overlapping *dam* methylation. Cleavage of mammalian genomic DNA is blocked by some combinations of overlapping CpG methylation.

Companion Products:

dam-/dcm-	Competent E. coli
#C2925H	20 transformation reactions
#C2925	24 transformation reactions

Page 2 (R0545)

Many problems in achieving complete digestion can be alleviated by using fresh SAM.

Impaired by overlapping *dam* methylation. Cleavage of mammalian genomic DNA is blocked by some combinations of overlapping CpG methylation.

Companion Products:

dam [_] /dcm [_] Competent <i>E. coli</i>		
#C2925H	20 transformation reactions	
#C29251	24 transformation reactions	