





BioLabs

500 units 10,000 U/ml Lot: 0461211 RECOMBINANT Store at -20°C Exp: 11/14

#### **Recognition Site:**

5′... CGGCCG...3′ 3′... GCCGG,C...5′

Source: An E. coli strain that carries the cloned Eagl gene from *Enterobacter agglomerans* (R. Morgan)

New "Supplied in:" Conditions Also Available In High Fidelity (HF™) Format



500 units 10,000 U/ml Lot: 0461211 RECOMBINANT Store at -20°C Exp: 11/14

### **Recognition Site:**

5'... CGGCCG...3' 3′... GCCGG,C...5′

Source: An E. coli strain that carries the cloned Eagl gene from *Enterobacter agglomerans* (R. Morgan)

New "Supplied in:" Conditions Also Available In High Fidelity (HF™) Format Supplied in: 500 mM NaCl, 10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.0), 0.1 mM EDTA, 1 mM dithiothreitol, 200 µg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol.

Reagents Supplied with Enzyme: 10X NEBuffer 3.

Reaction Conditions: 1X NEBuffer 3. Incubate at 37°C.

1X NEBuffer 3: 100 mM NaCl 50 mM Tris-HCI 10 mM MgCl 1 mM dithiothreitol pH 7.9 @ 25°C

Unit Definition: One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme required to digest 1 µg of pXba DNA in 1 hour at 37°C in a total reaction volume of 50 µl.

Diluent Compatibility: Diluent Buffer C 250 mM NaCl. 10 mM Tris-HCl. 0.1 mM EDTA. 1 mM DTT, 0.15% Triton X-100, 200 µg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol (pH 7.4 @ 25°C).

# **Quality Control Assays**

Ligation: After 100-fold overdigestion with Eagl. > 95% of the DNA fragments can be ligated with T4 DNA Ligase (at a 5' termini concentration of 1-2 µM) at 16°C. Of these ligated fragments, > 95% can be recut.

16-Hour Incubation: A 50 ul reaction containing 1 µg of DNA and 200 units of enzyme incubated for 16 hours resulted in the same pattern of DNA bands as a reaction incubated for 1 hour with 1 unit of enzyme.

Exonuclease Activity: Incubation of 100 units of enzyme with 1  $\mu$ g sonicated <sup>3</sup>H DNA (10<sup>5</sup> cpm/ $\mu$ g) for 4 hours at 37°C in 50 µl reaction buffer released < 0.1% radioactivity.

Blue/White Screening Assay: This enzyme has been tested to determine the integrity of the DNA ends produced after digestion with an excess of enzyme. An appropriate vector is digested at a unique site within  $lacZ^{\alpha}$  gene with a 10-fold excess of enzyme, ligated, transformed and plated on XGal/IPTG/Amp plates. Successful expression of  $\beta$ -galactosidase is a function of how intact its gene remains after cloning, an intact gene gives rise to

a blue colony, an interrupted gene (i.e. degraded DNA end) gives rise to a white colony. Enzymes must produce fewer than 3% white colonies to be Blue/White Certified.

## **Enzyme Properties**

Activity i	in N	<b>IEBuffers</b> :
------------	------	--------------------

NEBuffer 1	10%
NEBuffer 2	25%
NEBuffer 3	100%
NEBuffer 4	10%

When using a buffer other than the optimal (supplied) NEBuffer, it may be necessary to add more enzyme to achieve complete digestion.

Survival in a Reaction: A minimum of 0.50 unit is required to digest 1 µg of substrate DNA in 16 hours.

Heat Inactivation: 50 units of enzyme were inactivated by incubation at 65°C for 20 minutes.

(See other side)

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Supplied in: 500 mM NaCl, 10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.0), 0.1 mM EDTA, 1 mM dithiothreitol, 200 µg/ml BSA

Reagents Supplied with Enzyme:

Reaction Conditions: 1X NEBuffer 3.

### 1X NEBuffer 3:

100 mM NaCl 50 mM Tris-HCI 10 mM MgCl 1 mM dithiothreitol pH 7.9 @ 25°C

Unit Definition: One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme required to digest 1 µg of pXba DNA in 1 hour at 37°C in a total reaction volume of 50 µl.

Diluent Compatibility: Diluent Buffer C 250 mM NaCl, 10 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1 mM EDTA, 1 mM DTT, 0.15% Triton X-100, 200 µg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol (pH 7.4 @ 25°C).

## Quality Control Assays

Ligation: After 100-fold overdigestion with Eagl. > 95% of the DNA fragments can be ligated with T4 DNA Ligase (at a 5' termini concentration of 1-2 µM) at 16°C. Of these ligated fragments, > 95% can be recut.

16-Hour Incubation: A 50 µl reaction containing 1 µg of DNA and 200 units of enzyme incubated for 16 hours resulted in the same pattern of DNA bands as a reaction incubated for 1 hour with 1 unit of enzyme.

Exonuclease Activity: Incubation of 100 units of enzyme with 1  $\mu$ g sonicated <sup>3</sup>H DNA (10<sup>5</sup> cpm/ $\mu$ g) for 4 hours at 37°C in 50 µl reaction buffer released < 0.1% radioactivity.

Blue/White Screening Assay: This enzyme has been tested to determine the integrity of the DNA ends produced after digestion with an excess of enzyme. An appropriate vector is digested at a unique site within  $lacZ^{\alpha}$  gene with a 10-fold excess of enzyme, ligated, transformed and plated on XGal/IPTG/Amp plates. Successful expression of β-galactosidase is a function of how intact its gene remains after cloning, an intact gene gives rise to

a blue colony, an interrupted gene (i.e. degraded DNA end) gives rise to a white colony. Enzymes must produce fewer than 3% white colonies to be Blue/White Certified.

## **Enzyme Properties**

Activity in N	VEBuffers:
NEBuffer 1	10%
NEBuffer 2	25%

NEBuffer 3 100% NEBuffer 4 10%

When using a buffer other than the optimal (supplied) NEBuffer, it may be necessary to add more enzyme to achieve complete digestion.

Survival in a Reaction: A minimum of 0.50 unit is required to digest 1 µg of substrate DNA in 16 hours.

Heat Inactivation: 50 units of enzyme were inactivated by incubation at 65°C for 20 minutes.

and 50% glycerol.

10X NEBuffer 3.

Incubate at 37°C.

Notes: Eagl is an isoschizomer of Xmalll.

# Cleavage of mammalian genomic DNA is blocked by CpG methylation.

For full Eagl activity, the pH of the reaction mix must be between (7.9 and 9.0 @ 25°C). Digestion at (pH 7.4) yields 50% activity.

When supplemented with BSA to 100  $\mu g/ml,\,0.13$  unit of Eagl will digest 1  $\mu g$  of  $\lambda$  DNA in 16 hours.

Under optimal reaction conditions, 10 units of Eagl are required to cleave one microgram of pBR322, pACYC184 or Adenovirus-2 DNA in one hour.

To improve stability in storage, Triton X-100 has been added to the storage solution for Eagl.

**Companion Products Sold Separately:** 

EagI-HF <sup>™</sup>	
#R3505S	500 Units
#R3505L	2.500 Units
#R3505M	2.500 Units

Image: Saver<sup>™</sup> Qualified (See www.neb.com for details).

Page 2 (R0505)

Notes: Eagl is an isoschizomer of Xmalll.

#### **Companion Products Sold Separately:**

Eagl-HF<sup>™</sup>

#R3505S

#R3505L

#R3505M

Cleavage of mammalian genomic DNA is blocked by CpG methylation.

For full Eagl activity, the pH of the reaction mix must be between (7.9 and 9.0 @  $25^{\circ}$ C). Digestion at (pH 7.4) yields 50% activity.

When supplemented with BSA to 100  $\mu g/ml,\,0.13$  unit of Eagl will digest 1  $\mu g$  of  $\lambda$  DNA in 16 hours.

Under optimal reaction conditions, 10 units of Eagl are required to cleave one microgram of pBR322, pACYC184 or Adenovirus-2 DNA in one hour.

To improve stability in storage, Triton X-100 has been added to the storage solution for Eagl.

500 Units
2.500 Units
2.500 Units

Image: Content of the second seco