## **EcoRV**







# **R0195S**



4,000 units 20,000 U/ml Lot: 0441206 RECOMBINANT Store at -20°C Exp: 6/14

**Recognition Site:** 

5′...GAT¶ATC...3′ 3′...CTA<sub>A</sub>TAG...5′

**Source:** An *E. coli* strain that carries the cloned EcoRV gene from the plasmid J62 pLG74 (L.I. Glatman)

Also Available In High Fidelity (HF™) Format Supplied in: 50 mM NaCl, 10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.4), 0.1 mM EDTA, 1 mM DTT, 200  $\mu$ g/ml BSA and 50% glycerol.

**Reagents Supplied with Enzyme:** 10X NEBuffer 3. 100X BSA.

Reaction Conditions: 1X NEBuffer 3, supplemented with 100  $\mu$ g/ml BSA. Incubate at 37°C.

1X NEBuffer 3: 100 mM NaCl 50 mM Tris-HCl 10 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub> 1 mM DTT

pH 7.9 @ 25°C

Unit Definition: One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme required to digest 1  $\mu g$  of  $\lambda$  DNA in 1 hour at 37°C in a total reaction volume of 50  $\mu l$ .

Diluent Compatibility: Diluent Buffer A 50 mM KCl, 10 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1 mM EDTA, 1 mM DTT, 200  $\mu$ g/ml BSA and 50% glycerol (pH 7.4 @ 25°C)

### **Quality Control Assays**

**Ligation:** After 10-fold overdigestion with EcoRV, > 95% of the DNA fragments can be ligated with T4 DNA Ligase (at a 5´ termini concentration of  $1-2~\mu\text{M}$ ) at  $16^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Of these ligated fragments, > 95% can be recut.

**16-Hour Incubation:** A 50 µl reaction containing 1 µg of DNA and 120 units of enzyme incubated for 16 hours resulted in the same pattern of DNA bands as a reaction incubated for 1 hour with 1 unit of enzyme.

**Exonuclease Activity:** Incubation of 200 units of enzyme with 1  $\mu$ g sonicated <sup>3</sup>H DNA (10<sup>5</sup> cpm/ $\mu$ g) for 4 hours at 37°C in 50  $\mu$ l reaction buffer released < 0.1% radioactivity.

Endonuclease Activity: Incubation of 30 units of enzyme with 1  $\mu$ g  $\phi$ X174 RF I DNA for 4 hours at 37°C in 50  $\mu$ l reaction buffer resulted in < 30% conversion to RF II.

Blue/White Screening Assay: This enzyme has been tested to determine the integrity of the DNA ends produced after digestion with an excess of enzyme. An appropriate vector is digested at a unique site within  $lacZ^{z_i}$  gene with a 50-fold excess of enzyme, ligated, transformed and plated on XGal/IPTG/Amp plates. Successful expression of  $\beta$ -galactosidase is a function of how intact its gene remains after cloning, an intact gene gives rise to a blue colony, an interrupted gene (i.e. degraded DNA end) gives rise to a white colony. Enzymes must produce fewer than 3% white colonies to be Blue/White Certified.

### **Enzyme Properties**

Activity in NEBuffers :

NEBuffer 1 50% NEBuffer 2 75% NEBuffer 3 **100%** NEBuffer 4 50%

When using a buffer other than the optimal (supplied) NEBuffer, it may be necessary to add more enzyme to achieve complete digestion.

(see other side)

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

## **EcoRV**



1-800-632-7799 info@neb.com www.neb.com

# **R0195S**



4,000 units 20,000 U/ml Lot: 0441206 RECOMBINANT Store at -20°C Exp: 6/14

**Recognition Site:** 

5'... G A T A T C ... 3' 3'... C T A T A G ... 5'

**Source:** An *E. coli* strain that carries the cloned EcoRV gene from the plasmid J62 pLG74 (L.I. Glatman)

Also Available In High Fidelity (HF™) Format Supplied in: 50 mM NaCl, 10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.4), 0.1 mM EDTA, 1 mM DTT, 200  $\mu$ g/ml BSA and 50% glycerol.

**Reagents Supplied with Enzyme:** 10X NEBuffer 3, 100X BSA.

**Reaction Conditions:** 1X NEBuffer 3, supplemented with 100  $\mu$ g/ml BSA. Incubate at 37°C.

1X NEBuffer 3:

100 mM NaCl 50 mM Tris-HCl 10 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub> 1 mM DTT pH 7.9 @ 25°C

Unit Definition: One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme required to digest 1  $\mu g$  of  $\lambda$  DNA in 1 hour at 37°C in a total reaction volume of 50  $\mu$ l.

Diluent Compatibility: Diluent Buffer A 50 mM KCl, 10 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1 mM EDTA, 1 mM DTT, 200  $\mu$ g/ml BSA and 50% glycerol (pH 7.4 @ 25°C)

## **Quality Control Assays**

Ligation: After 10-fold overdigestion with EcoRV, > 95% of the DNA fragments can be ligated with T4 DNA Ligase (at a 5' termini concentration of 1–2 μM) at 16°C. Of these ligated fragments, > 95% can be recut.

**16-Hour Incubation:** A 50  $\mu$ I reaction containing 1  $\mu$ g of DNA and 120 units of enzyme incubated for 16 hours resulted in the same pattern of DNA bands as a reaction incubated for 1 hour with 1 unit of enzyme.

**Exonuclease Activity:** Incubation of 200 units of enzyme with 1  $\mu$ g sonicated <sup>3</sup>H DNA (10<sup>5</sup> cpm/ $\mu$ g) for 4 hours at 37°C in 50  $\mu$ l reaction buffer released < 0.1% radioactivity.

Endonuclease Activity: Incubation of 30 units of enzyme with 1  $\mu$ g  $\phi$ X174 RF I DNA for 4 hours at 37°C in 50  $\mu$ l reaction buffer resulted in < 30% conversion to RF II.

Blue/White Screening Assay: This enzyme has been tested to determine the integrity of the DNA ends produced after digestion with an excess of enzyme. An appropriate vector is digested at a unique site within *lacZ*<sup>n</sup> gene with a 50-fold excess of enzyme, ligated, transformed and plated on XGal/IPTG/Amp plates. Successful expression of β-galactosidase is a function of how intact its gene remains after cloning, an intact gene gives rise to a blue colony, an interrupted gene (i.e. degraded DNA end) gives rise to a white colony. Enzymes must produce fewer than 3% white colonies to be Blue/White Certified.

## Enzyme Properties

**Activity in NEBuffers :** 

NEBuffer 1 50% NEBuffer 2 75% NEBuffer 3 **100%** NEBuffer 4 50%

When using a buffer other than the optimal (supplied) NEBuffer, it may be necessary to add more enzyme to achieve complete digestion.

(see other side)

Survival in a Reaction: A minimum of 0.50 unit is required to digest 1  $\mu g$  of substrate DNA in 16 hours.

Heat Inactivation: 80°C for 20 minutes.

**Plasmid Cleavage:** Number of units required to cleave 1  $\mu$ g of supercoiled plasmid DNA in one hour: pBR322 = 1 unit.

Notes: Cleaves to leave a ligatable blunt end in the tetracycline resistance gene of pBR322. EcoRV can be used in conjunction with NEB's LITMUS™ Vectors to add sticky ends to blunt-ended fragments.

Cleavage of mammalian genomic DNA is impaired by some combinations of overlapping CpG methylation.

#### Companion Products Sold Separately:

EcoRV-HF™

#R3195S 4,000 units #R3195L 20,000 units #R3195T 4,000 units #R3195M 20,000 units

EcoRV-HF™ RE-Mix™

#R5195S 200 reactions

= Time-Saver™ Qualified (See www.neb.com for details).

Page 2 (R0195)

Survival in a Reaction: A minimum of 0.50 unit is required to digest 1  $\mu g$  of substrate DNA in 16 hours.

Heat Inactivation: 80°C for 20 minutes.

**Plasmid Cleavage:** Number of units required to cleave 1  $\mu$ g of supercoiled plasmid DNA in one hour: pBR322 = 1 unit.

Notes: Cleaves to leave a ligatable blunt end in the tetracycline resistance gene of pBR322. EcoRV can be used in conjunction with NEB's LITMUS™ Vectors to add sticky ends to blunt-ended fragments.

Cleavage of mammalian genomic DNA is impaired by some combinations of overlapping CpG methylation.

### **Companion Products Sold Separately:**

FcoRV-HF™

#R3195S 4,000 units #R3195L 20,000 units #R3195T 4,000 units #R3195M 20,000 units

EcoRV-HF™ RE-Mix™

#R5195S 200 reactions

= Time-Saver™ Qualified (See www.neb.com for details).