



100

100 units 4,000 U/ml Lot: 0441210 RECOMBINANT Store at -20°C Exp: 10/14

Recognition Site:

5′... C^VC T A G G ... 3′ 3′... G G A T C C ... 5′

Source: An *E. coli* strain that carries the cloned AvrII gene from Anabaena variabilis UW (E. Rosenvold)

New Reaction Buffer



RECOMBINANT Store at -20°C Exp: 10/14

Recognition Site:

5′... C^VC T A G G ... 3′ 3′... G G A T C C ... 5′

Source: An *E. coli* strain that carries the cloned AvrII gene from Anabaena variabilis UW (E. Rosenvold)

New Reaction Buffer

Supplied in: 250 mM NaCl, 10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.4), 0.1 mM EDTA, 1 mM dithiothreitol, 500 µg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol.

Reagents Supplied with Enzyme: 10X NFBuffer 4

Reaction Conditions: 1X NEBuffer 4. Incubate at 37°C.

1X NEBuffer 4: 50 mM potassium acetate 20 mM Tris-acetate 10 mM magnesium acetate 1 mM dithiothreitol pH 7.9 @ 25°C.

Unit Definition: One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme required to digest 1 μ g of λ DNA (HindIII digest) in 1 hour at 37°C in a total reaction volume of 50 µl.

Diluent Compatibility: Diluent Buffer B 300 mM NaCl, 10 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1 mM EDTA, 1 mM dithiothreitol, 500 µg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol (pH 7.4 @ 25°C).

Supplied in: 250 mM NaCl, 10 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.4), 0.1 mM EDTA, 1 mM dithiothreitol, 500 µg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol.

Reagents Supplied with Enzyme: 10X NFBuffer 4

50 mM potassium acetate 20 mM Tris-acetate 10 mM magnesium acetate 1 mM dithiothreitol pH 7.9 @ 25°C.

Unit Definition: One unit is defined as the amount

Quality Control Assays

Ligation: After 100-fold overdigestion with AvrII. > 95% of the DNA fragments can be ligated with T4 DNA Ligase (at a 5' termini concentration of $1-2 \mu$ M) at 16°C. Of these ligated fragments, > 95% can be recut.

16-Hour Incubation: A 50 ul reaction containing 1 µg of DNA and 100 units of enzyme incubated for 16 hours resulted in the same pattern of DNA bands as a reaction incubated for 1 hour with 1 unit of enzyme.

Exonuclease Activity: Incubation of 200 units of enzyme with 1 µg sonicated [3H] DNA (10⁵ cpm/µg) for 4 hours at 37°C in 50 µl reaction buffer released < 0.1% radioactivity.

Endonuclease Activity: Incubation of 80 units of enzyme with 1 µg ϕ X174 RF I DNA for 4 hours at 37°C in 50 µl reaction buffer resulted in 10% conversion to RF II.

Blue/White Screening Assay: An appropriate vector is digested at a unique site within the $lacZ^{\alpha}$ gene with a 10-fold excess of enzyme. The vector DNA is then ligated, transformed, and plated onto Xgal/IPTG/Amp plates. Successful expression of

Quality Control Assays

Ligation: After 100-fold overdigestion with AvrII. > 95% of the DNA fragments can be ligated with T4 DNA Ligase (at a 5' termini concentration of $1-2 \mu$ M) at 16°C. Of these ligated fragments, > 95% can be recut.

16-Hour Incubation: A 50 µl reaction containing 1 µg of DNA and 100 units of enzyme incubated for 16 hours resulted in the same pattern of DNA bands as a reaction incubated for 1 hour with 1 unit of enzyme.

Exonuclease Activity: Incubation of 200 units of enzyme with 1 µg sonicated [³H] DNA (10⁵ cpm/µg) for 4 hours at 37°C in 50 µl reaction buffer released < 0.1% radioactivity.

Endonuclease Activity: Incubation of 80 units of enzyme with 1 μ g ϕ X174 RF I DNA for 4 hours at 37°C in 50 µl reaction buffer resulted in 10% conversion to RF II.

Blue/White Screening Assay: An appropriate vector is digested at a unique site within the $lacZ^{\alpha}$ gene with a 10-fold excess of enzyme. The vector DNA is then ligated, transformed, and plated onto Xgal/IPTG/Amp plates. Successful expression of

β-galactosidase is a function of how intact its gene remains after cloning, an intact gene gives rise to a blue colony, removal of even a single base gives rise to a white colony. Enzyme preparations must produce fewer than 3% white colonies to be Blue/ White certified.

Enzyme Properties

Activity in I	NEBuffers:
NEBuffer 1	100%
NEBuffer 2	100%
NEBuffer 3	50%
NEBuffer 4	100%

When using a buffer other than the optimal (supplied) NEBuffer, it may be necessary to add more enzyme to achieve complete digestion.

Survival in a Reaction: A minimum of 0.13 unit is required to digest 1 µg of substrate DNA in 16 hours.

Heat Inactivation: 80°C for 20 minutes.

Plasmid Cleavage: Number of units required to cleave 1 µg of supercoiled plasmid DNA in one hour: 1 unit.

(See other side)

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

β-galactosidase is a function of how intact its gene remains after cloning, an intact gene gives rise to a blue colony, removal of even a single base gives rise to a white colony. Enzyme preparations must produce fewer than 3% white colonies to be Blue/ White certified.

Enzyme Properties

Activity in N	EBuffers:
NEBuffer 1	100%
NEBuffer 2	100%
NEBuffer 3	50%
NEBuffer 4	100%

When using a buffer other than the optimal (supplied) NEBuffer, it may be necessary to add more enzyme to achieve complete digestion.

Survival in a Reaction: A minimum of 0.13 unit is required to digest 1 µg of substrate DNA in 16 hours.

Heat Inactivation: 80°C for 20 minutes.

Plasmid Cleavage: Number of units required to cleave 1 µg of supercoiled plasmid DNA in one hour: 1 unit.

Reaction Conditions: 1X NEBuffer 4. Incubate at 37°C.

1X NEBuffer 4:

of enzyme required to digest 1 μ g of λ DNA (HindIII digest) in 1 hour at 37°C in a total reaction volume of 50 µl.

Diluent Compatibility: Diluent Buffer B 300 mM NaCl. 10 mM Tris-HCl. 0.1 mM EDTA. 1 mM dithiothreitol, 500 µg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol (pH 7.4 @ 25°C).

Notes: Cleaves to produce a 5[°] CTAG extension which can be efficiently ligated to DNA fragments generated by Nhel, Spel or Xbal.

Not sensitive to *dam*, *dcm* or mammalian CpG methylation.

Image: Content of the second seco

Page 2 (R0174)

Notes: Cleaves to produce a 5' CTAG extension which can be efficiently ligated to DNA fragments generated by Nhel, Spel or Xbal.

Not sensitive to *dam*, *dcm* or mammalian CpG methylation.

Image: Example 1 and the set of the set